

FORM 9 Application for Resource Consent (LAND USE) Resource Management Act (1991) Sec 88





see attached
☐ A Brief Description of activity to which the application relates (use separate sheet if necessary)
☐ A copy of the Certificate of Title no more than six month old for all subject sites.
Written approvals from all potentially affected parties. Please note that the affected parties must sign all plans and/or maps associated with the application and the affected parties' approval form and these have been included. Please note: all owners and occupiers of a property must sign both approval form and site plans.
All required information as per the attached information sheet.
Information to be supplied on all applications:
If consent has been granted please attach a copy of consent.
Are additional Resource Consents Required From Other Consent Authorities? Yes No
Email: egrandona abtinternation
To be contacted by email; please provide address:
Telephone Number: (Home) (Work)_027 818 002 0
Legal Description: Lot 2 DP 3886 (from your rates notice) Valuation Number: (from your rates notice)
12
CHRIST CHUR
Address of Applicant: #2 Beveridge Street
Name of Applicant: Elona Grondona

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l enclose the base fee as indicated below and I understand that I will be invoiced for any additional actual costs relating to this application:

guests or less. This will be added to your next year's rates bill.	
There is an annual levy of \$400.00 inc. GST for visitor's accommodation for 4	Rates (visitor's accommodation only)
An additional base fee of \$5500 plus additional actual costs if any	If an application requires a hearing
Base Fee \$900 plus any additional cost if any	Category 3 – All other non-notified land use consent applications not listed above.
\$360	Category 2 - Non-Notified Land Use Base Fee - Building in a flood hazard area - Earthworks or modification with an archaeological area or site - Temporary activities.
	 Visitors accommodation for up to 4 persons Relocate buildings Buildings in a flood area (the discretionary activity)
\$700	Category 1 – Non-notified Lane Use Resource Consent delegated to Council offices as follows. 1. Non compliance with the following performance standards of no more than 20% - Internal boundary or Road setback - Recession Plane - Site Coverage - Height - Density
	Land Use Consents
All Prices Include GST and are subject to Additional actual costs.	

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NOTE:

of recovery. The applicant and his/her agent are liable for all fees and charges relating to this application. In the event of non- payment the applicant and/or the agent will be liable for all legal and other costs

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LAND USE RESOURCE CONSENT

2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikoura

To undertake a residential activity for the establishment of two one-bedroom dwellings. The residential activity does not meet the minimum density requirements, the minimum boundary set back, exceeds height restrictions and recession planes. Also included in this application — application for consent for visitor accommodation.

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Introduction

It is proposed to undertake a land use activity at 2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikoura, zoned Residential A in the District Plan. The activity proposed is the construction of 2 one-bedroom dwellings. The front dwelling is to be used for visitor accommodation and the rear dwelling is the owners holiday home and to be used occasionally for visitor accommodation. The build does not meet the criteria for density, proposing more than 1 residential unit on 611m2 of land.

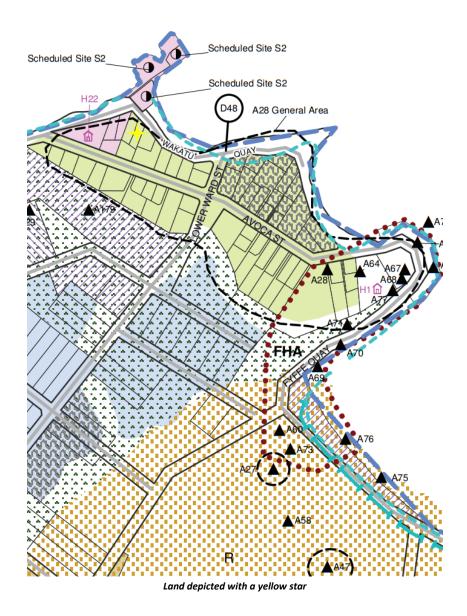
An assessment of environmental effects follows covering exceeding the minimum boundary set back, height restrictions, recession planes and density.

Description of the site

The site is legally described as Lot 2 DP 3886 and contains some 611m2 of flat land at 2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikoura. To the north, west and south of the property are residential dwellings. The proposed site plan, floor plan and elevations are attached at appendix A.



There are no outstanding landscape features to note. The Lot is in an Archaeological Area as per the District Plan. Attached is a preliminary archaeological report undertaken by Deb Foster. Deb observes in the report that the front of the property may have been intertidal for part of the Māori occupation sequence however the rear of the property where the lighthouse is to be built has higher chances of archaeological discovery. Deb has recommended that a general archaeological authority is sought for the project and consultation with Te Rununga o Kaikoura. It has been agreed with the Kaikoura District Council that the applicant will undertake both of these recommendations after completing the public notification process. Both the Site Management Protocol (15.8.2) and Accidental Discovery Protocol (15.8.3) will be adhered to for the project.



The land is currently vacant containing no dwellings or outbuildings.

The property has been checked on Environment Canterbury's Listed Land Use Register and there is no information about Hazardous Activities or Industries on this site. Report attached in appendix C.





View from south boundary





View of second dwelling location looking from the west



View from the northern boundary

Proposed land use

The applicant wishes to build two 1-bedroom dwellings on the site. The proposed construction will result in a breach of the following performance standards as per the District Plan:

Table 18.7 – Relevant Performance Standards		
1.Heavy Trucks	N/A	
2. Lighting	Complies	
3.Noise	Complies	
4.Site Coverage -35%	Complies – total site coverage 27.8%	

5. Sky-lining Res B	N/A
6.Height of Building	Does not comply
7 Landscaping (non-residential)	Complies
8. Outdoor living space -70m per residential unit	Complies
9. Density-500m2 per residential unit	Does not comply
10. Recession Planes	Does not comply
11.Internal Boundary Separation 2m from internal boundary	Does not comply
12. Road Boundary Separation-4.5m from road boundary	Complies
14. Water body separation	N/A
15.Seperation Height High Voltage	Complies
16 Waste Management (Appendix G) –non-residential only	N/A
Table 12.8.1 - Minimum Parking Space Requirements Residential units 2 spaces per residential	Complies
unit	

18.7.6 Height – The front dwelling complies with this performance standard. Please refer to plans A2.0 and A2.1 attached at appendix A which depicts that the rear dwellings proposed height is 16.86m

18.7.9 Density - The land area of Lot 2 DP 3886 is 611m2, if the proposed construction of 2 dwellings was to be approved this would mean that there would be more than 1 residential unit per 500m2.

18.7.10 Recession Planes – Please refer to plan A2.0 attached at appendix A for details of non-compliance. The non-compliance to the front dwelling is very minor, however the lighthouse dwelling falls substantially outside of the recession plane area.

18.7.11. Internal boundary separation – Please refer to plan A1.0 attached at appendix A to see site placements for both dwellings. The front dwelling is 1.2m off the eastern boundary, the internal boundary separation standard is 2m. The front dwelling complies with all other internal and road boundary separation standards. The lighthouse dwelling to the rear of the property is 0.3m off the western boundary at the closest point and 1.2m off the southern boundary. The rear dwelling complies with all other internal and road boundary separation standards.

As part of this application, the applicants would also like to apply for resource consent for visitor accommodation up to 4 guests in each of the proposed dwellings. It is unlikely that there will be this

many guests staying at one time as they are both 1-bedroom dwellings. But the applicant would like to cover all bases and make sure that if a group of 4 applied, then they are able to accommodate them and that they are always in compliance with the Kaikoura District Councils regulations.

An un-restricted discretionary land use consent is sought with the proposal falling outside of the performance standards outlined above.

Other Relevant Items

Affected party approval

Enclosed with the application (appendix D) is a signed authority from the following bounding residential neighbours.

- 3 Wakatu Quay Phillip and Fiona Carr Owners and Occupants
- 1 Wakatu Quay Elona Grondona and Deborah Crawford Owner and Occupier
- 1 Avoca Street Bernard Harmon

Not bounding but in the district

• 137 Torquay Gaylene Masters – Owner and Occupier

Extensive consultation was undertaken by the owners, a copy of this letter can be found at Appendix D with the signed approvals.

Affected Order Holders

There are no holders of customary rights order in relation to this property.

Un-Restricted Discretion

104BDetermination of applications for discretionary or non-complying activities

After considering an application for a resource consent for a discretionary activity or non-complying activity, a consent authority—

- (a) may grant or refuse the application; and
- (b) if it grants the application, may impose conditions under section 108.

Permitted Baseline

The consent authority may disregard an adverse effect of the activity if a rule or national environmental standard permits an activity with that effect.

The permitted baseline for this activity would be a residential activity, which complies with the performance standards of the district plan.

The proposal meets most requirements of what can be built of right except for the height, 2.0m internal set back (existing), recession planes (existing) and the density performance standard.

Policies & Objectives

When considering an application for resource consent and any submissions received, the consent authority must, subject to Part 2, have regard to any relevant provisions of:

- a national environmental standard:
- other regulations:
- a national policy statement:
- a New Zealand coastal policy statement:
- a regional policy statement or proposed regional policy statement:
- a plan or proposed plan

In terms of this application the relevant provisions are those of the Kaikoura District Plan.

The relevance of the objectives and policies and the activity's consistency with those objectives and policies is assessed as follows:

Objective	Proposal
18.2.1 Objective 1: To provide an essentially low density, small scale residential environment within the Kaikoura urban area with a dominance of open space and planting over buildings, and where the pleasantness and amenity of the residential area is maintained and enhanced.	Despite the non-compliances identified earlier in this report, we believe the proposal is consistent with this objective. The proposal is to build two single bedroom dwellings in a waterfront location in Kaikoura. The applicant could be applying for holiday apartments which cover most of the site and turn over a good income, but the applicant has chosen to construct a character building which is very fitting with the town. Because both dwellings only cover 27.8% of the site, this leaves lots of open space and room to establish gardens and plantings. Although the lighthouse is tall, it would provide a characteristic dwelling for locals and visitors alike to admire. The front dwelling total footprint is 72m² (floor slab) and the rear dwelling 69m²
18.2.2 Policy 2: to maintain the amenity of residential areas by ensuring sufficient on-	This proposal is consistent with Policy 2. Please see the site plan provided – appendix A showing

site parking and manoeuvring areas for parking and manoeuvrability for vehicles as vehicles are established. required. 18.2.2 Policy 3 The front dwelling does not comply with the internal boundary setbacks, but this is to make the To ensure that the design and siting of best use of the long and slim section, allowing development (building height, building ample driveway and parking space to the western side of the section and access to the rear dwelling coverage, recession lines, setbacks and proposed. It complies in every other way and will provision of outdoor living areas) is enhance the amenity of the area. controlled so that: The lighthouse dwelling falls outside of this policy (a) development will not unreasonably in the following areas; neighbouring properties sunlight, daylight, views **Building** height (c) an open and attractive scene exists **Recession lines** Internal boundary setbacks (d) a character and scale of buildings and open space is maintained which is This is a character building so the scale of the building is not in line with the residential dwellings compatible with anticipated the residential of the area. However, it has been located on the environment. site to ensure its bounding neighbours are not affected by its height as far as their outdoor living area, views, or shading. 18.2.2 Policy 4 - To ensure noise and lighting The lighthouse dwelling will be used spill do not adversely affect the amenity predominantly as the owner's holiday home so enjoyed on residential sites. there would be minimal disruption as far as noise and lighting. The positioning on the site has been chosen to not affect any outdoor living space of the bounding neighbours or cause shadowing of their homes. The front dwelling is a single story, 1 bedroom dwelling. Light and noise from this property would be minimal. 18.2.2 Policy 5 - To avoid activities within the The proposed dwellings activities are residential residential areas of the Kaikoura urban area and in keeping with the area. The lighthouse is a which are incompatible with residential character building but still with residential activities and to maintain an appropriate purpose and will make a great attraction in the area especially with the new wharf development. level of residential amenity. They will have their own outdoor living and parking spaces provided and the project will be done in a way which will enhance the area. 18.2.2 Policy 6 - To avoid or mitigate The front dwelling is in keeping with the development which would detract from the character, scale, and amenity of the area. The lighthouse building falls outside of these areas. The lighthouse character is in keeping with a

predominant character, scale and amenity of the particular residential environment	coastal town and compliments the amenity as such. However, the scale differs to other residential buildings in its area. It is a large building in height as opposed to footprint.
18.2.2 Policy 7 To promote Council's "Zero Waste" policy by promoting and encouraging the reduction, reuse and recycling of unwanted materials.	The proposed buildings are consistent with policy 7. Any unwanted materials or waste created in the build will either be reused elsewhere, returned to where they were purchased or recycled at the local recycling centre – Innovative Waste.
18.3.1 Objective 2 - To provide for a diverse range of living environments expressed in built form, density of development and housing types	By permitting the applicant to build the lighthouse dwelling it would be in keeping with this objective. Although it falls outside of the character and scale currently available in the neighbourhood it would add diversity to the area and an attraction to view.
18.3.2. Policy 1 -To enable a mixture of housing styles in residential areas provided the amenity of these areas is not adversely affected.	This project falls under a "mixture" of housing styles. Although it is not exactly in keeping with the residential houses in the area, it is right on the coastline next to the wharf, so the character of a lighthouse is fitting with the amenity of the area.
18.3.2. Policy 2 –To enable higher density development to be established in areas where this is appropriate.	The proposed buildings will increase the density of the property to more than 1 residential unit per 500m2. This will be done in a minor way as each proposed dwelling are only 1-bedroom dwellings and would typically lend itself to 2 guests/occupants, 4 on occasion. Wakatu Quay makes for a very popular visitor area in Kaikoura especially with The Pier Hotel and the new Wharf development. An appropriate area to enable visitor accommodation activities.
18.3.2. Policy 3 - To place no restrictions on building design in residential areas, other than in respect of matters such as recession planes, height, setback and percentage coverage.	Restrictions that apply to this project are recession planes (existing), height, and setbacks.
18.3.2. Policy 4 –To impose height restrictions along waterfront sections to avoid adverse effects on views from houses behind waterfront sections.	The height of the proposed lighthouse dwelling falls outside of this policy which is why the applicant has been advise that there will be a public notification process.

Application for resource consent under section 88 of the Act

When applying for a resource consent under section 88 of the Act an assessment of environmental effects must be included, in accordance with Schedule 4. Schedule 4(2) requires the following matters to be addressed.

- Any effects on those in the neighbourhood and, where relevant, the wider community including any socio-economic and cultural effects:
- Any physical effects on the locality, including any landscape or visual effects:
- Any effects on ecosystems......
- Any effects on natural and physical resources having aesthetic, recreational, scientific, historical, spiritual, or cultural, or other special value for present and future generations:
- Any discharge of contaminants into the environment, including any unreasonable emission of noise and options for the treatment and disposal of contaminants:
- Any risk to the neighbourhood, the wider community, or the environment through natural hazards or the use of hazardous substances or hazardous installations.

The subsection (1) of the fourth schedule to the Act lists matters that should be included in an assessment of effects on the environment.

Where it is likely that an activity will result in significant adverse effect on the environment, a description of any possible alternative locations or methods for undertaking the activity. An assessment of the actual or potential effects on the environment of the proposed activity. A description of mitigation measures to help prevent or reduce the actual or potential effects. Identification of the persons affected by the proposal, the consultation undertaken, if any and any response to the views of any person consulted.

Project

The applicant seeks resource consent to develop a one-bedroom townhouse to the front of the land situated at 2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikoura. This townhouse is to be used for visitor accommodation. The applicant is also seeking consent to develop a one-bedroom lighthouse house at the rear of the property to be for the owners use and occasional visitor accommodation. The front townhouse is a single level dwelling of 72m². The lighthouse dwelling will be provided over four levels in one building, comprising of a total of 69m². Accompanying the development of the built form will be earthworks, landscaping and the provision of access and on-site car parking. Resource consent is sought to allow for non-compliance with the internal boundary setbacks, height standards, density, and recession plane standards. As both buildings are intended to be used for small scale accommodation, resource consent is also sought for visitor accommodation of up to four people in each dwelling. The details of the overall proposal are addressed below.

Assessment of Environmental Effects

I have set out our assessment of effects under the heading's 'neighbourhood' addressing the neighbourhood where the project is located 'physical effects on the locality/landscape or visual effects' addressing as the heading states 'discharge' addressing servicing and storm water 'risk'

addressing natural hazards and substances; 'amenity' addressing amenity; and 'positive effects' outlining the positive effects the proposed project will have on the area.

The following is my assessment of actual or potential effects & mitigating measures.

Neighbourhood

The site is located in Wakatu Quay close to the Wharf development and The Pier Hotel and Restaurant. The rest of the surrounding area is a mix of residential single dwellings, bare land, a block of flats, the Admiral Court Motel, and the Green Dolphin restaurant (not currently operating). Majority of the properties in this area are zoned residential A, except for some Business B land where The Pier Hotel, Green Dolphin Restaurant and Wharf are located. The area lends itself to a good mix of residential activity with commercial operations close by.

The area of Wakatu Quay is located approximately halfway in between the main township of Kaikoura and, the seal colony, a popular tourist destination in Kaikoura. Tourists and locals often drive, walk or bike from town to the seal colony and visit The Pier Restaurant on their way to or from.

The wharf development is a future focused project hoping to provide an area which enables commercial, recreational, and cultural activities. To also assist in show casing local culture, food, beverage, and hospitality and provide a meeting place to share, enjoy and communicate. We feel that a feature building of a lighthouse which is a house and accommodation would complement this development and the surrounding area nicely. Such feature buildings bring visitors to town or encourage local families out for a walk, ride, or drive in the weekend to go and "see the lighthouse".

Being located in a picturesque coastal area, it can be reasoned that a lighthouse is fitting with the area as it is nautically themed and something one wouldn't expect to be out of place on a coastline.

The proposal to construct a brand-new town house and a brand-new home/feature building and accommodation, is one that we see as positive for the neighbourhood.

Wider Community / Socio-economic and cultural effect

As tourism is one of Kaikoura's largest earning industries, it is important that when landowners who are willing to invest into the community, we, as a community support and encourage them to do so. Especially in the current global climate of Covid 19, and the uncertainty that Covid 19 poses to our country and community economically. Looking to the future, the more that Kaikoura has to offer visitors, the greater the benefit for the wider community.

This proposal is unique, as the owners are going for a statement home as opposed to an area built to gain large living space. The lighthouse design is one of passion, created to compliment the coastal environment in which it is being built. It will provide a unique feature for locals and tourists to admire which will be increased by the visitors sure to be attracted by the wharf development.

The site is in an archaeological area meaning that the applicant will be engaging an archaeological consultant to undertake an assessment of the project and property which will then be reviewed by Te $R\overline{u}$ nunga o Kaik \overline{o} ura and Historic Places trust. Any recommendations made by entities will be adhered to as well as cultural monitoring of the project when any earthworks are undertaken.

As the dwellings will be offered as small scale yet high-quality short-term accommodation, the applicants would like to provide information in each of the dwellings offering an overview of the history and culture of Kaikoura. The visitors will be able to read about the history of Kaikoura in the documents provided in the accommodation and will be located close to the wharf development which will be rich in information of the history and culture of Kaikoura. Not to mention the Fyfe historic area just down the road.

Tourism provides opportunity to Kaikoura and allows for businesses like cafes, restaurants, gift shops and clothes shops to do a wider trade. The proposed project complements this well. Visitors are often looking for that something different which, they will find in the lighthouse project.

Physical effects on the locality/landscape or visual effects

The front dwelling is a 72m² single story, one bedroom townhouse intended for small-scale, short-term holiday accommodation. The applicant intends to provide this dwelling with an indoor garden as well as outdoor living. The dwelling will have a lawn, deck, carport and turning area. This building is of modern design and features a coloursteel roof and Resene Integra AAC Panel and Plaster System. To make the most of the long and slim site and provide room for a driveway providing access to the rear of the property, the cottage is proposed to be 1.2m off the internal western boundary and breaks the recession planes slightly which can be viewed on plan A2.0 provided. Everything will comply with current building requirements and is expected to have no outstanding effects on the locality, landscape, or visual effects.

Significant landscaping will be provided to be of a positive effect to both dwellings and an asphalt driveway will connect the dwellings and provide ample turning space for vehicles.

The back dwelling is a four storey, 1 bedroom dwelling in the shape of a lighthouse. Because of the lighthouse design, this makes the dwelling relatively tall at 16m in height, the maximum height restriction in this area is 8m. Although it is a tall dwelling, it is not wide at height and has been positioned on the site to have minimal to no impact on bounding neighbours shading and views as outlined below. Please refer to the site plan A1.0 attached for a bird's eye view of the proposed dwelling positioned on site. The top story is intended as an observation area, so it is mainly glass, allowing views and light to remain. The observation area is to take advantage of the beautiful Kaikoura night sky. This will be maintained to a high level of cleanliness with the use of magnetic cleaners.

When reviewing the bounding properties, the following is noted:

1 Wakatu Quay – the current location of the dwelling will not be affected by the height of the proposed building as their views are in the opposite direction and the position of sun in daylight hours in relation to the position of the lighthouse mean that the sun travels to the front of the lighthouse in relation to this property. Neighbour approval has been obtained for this property.

3 Wakatu Quay – the proposed lighthouse dwelling sits to the rear of their existing dwelling which is mainly occupied by garaging, 1 bedroom, and small bathroom. As the sun rises in the east, the windows of the rooms upstairs will still get ample morning sun and the living of this property is all

Agent: Tania Ross

directed to the front of the property where no shading will occur. Neighbour approval has been obtained for this property.

15 Avoca Street – it looks as though there may be some shading and view obstructions to the parking and garaging area. The full effects of this will need to be ascertained through discussion with the homeowner. Referring to the picture provided below, it looks as though their living is directed towards the north to northwest of the property which would receive no sun shading due to the location of the lighthouse and where the sun rises and sets.

8/17 Avoca Street – only a small part of their boundary touches 2 Wakatu Quay. The area of boundary that connects with 2 Wakatu Quay is in the driveway which is a parking and manoeuvring area. There is access to the flats from the parking area, but their frontage is towards Avoca Street. The lighthouse is too far from the flats to cause them shading.

The applicant is aware that their non-compliance with the height restriction and recession plane rules may be of concern to some of the neighbours but would like the lighthouse as it is designed to keep it looking authentic and make it the icon for Kaikoura that it is intended to be. They would like to focus on the positive effects of the proposed dwelling and will be undergoing extensive neighbouring consultation as part of this process to reassure neighbours of the positive aspects of the proposal and that site positioning has been thought out to minimise any possible concerns.



 $Immediately\ bounding\ neighbours\ outlined\ in\ yellow,\ 2\ Wakatu\ Quay\ outlined\ in\ red.$

Agent: Tania Ross

Discharge

The proposed dwellings will connect to the town water, sewer, and stormwater supply. We see no issue in this area.

Risk

The location of this property is close to the ocean so there is a risk of inundation from the sea due to a severe weather event or earthquake/tsunami. In November 2016 there was a 7.8 magnitude earthquake in Kaikoura. All the houses in this area handled the earthquake well, all being white stickered after the event and there was no inundation.

The proposed dwellings will not pose any increased risk to those mentioned above.

There are no hazards noted on the property in the Kaikoura District Plan or on Environment Canterbury's listed land use register.

The intended accommodation to be offered is on a relatively small scale making it less likely that any tourism opportunities at this property will result in having an adverse effect on the environment. Guests will also be advised of the cultural significance of the area.

Amenity

The proposed dwellings will have a positive effect to the amenity of the area by developing this area of land. The dwellings proposed will both be built to a high standard and the proposed landscaping plan will provide the property with lots of greenery and plantings.

The proposed lighthouse dwelling will encroach on the recession lines and height restrictions however, as this is not a house of "regular design" it is not one that will be easily copied meaning that, if allowances are made in this instance, then precedence is unlikely to be set.

Kaikoura is a coastal town, meaning that seeing a lighthouse along its coastline is not out of character. The fact that the lighthouse is a house will be of fun appeal to many.

The property lends itself nicely to be able to accommodate 2 one-bedroom dwellings. The shape of the site is long and slim meaning there is ample room between the dwellings while still allowing for large outdoor space and making the most of the views to the coast at Wakatu Quay from the single level dwelling. Both dwellings have been designed smartly to make the best use of the shape of the land parcel. 2 parking spaces per apartment are available and a minimum of 70m2 of outdoor living area per dwelling is also easily available. From an amenity standpoint it will be a highly presented property with a feel of open space. Having the owners able to be onsite more means that security will be higher and short-term accommodation can be offered with less risk of guests being noisy or causing any damage.

The owners will be undertaking extensive neighbour consultation and believe that their bounding neighbours will be excited about the proposal and the amenity their project will offer.

Essentially, breaking this proposal down into simple terms. The proposal is not for an intrusive or hazardous activity. Its purpose is not outside of what is currently in the area. It is a couple who are willing to invest their time and money into a feature project for the community of Kaikoura. Once the Wharf development is finished, this area of town will be regularly frequented by visitors and locals. It was always predicted that with the Pier Hotel and Restaurant, the great landscape and views and the wharf development, that this area would be likely to see enhancing change. The proposed dwelling is positive and fitting with this and will yet again put Kaikoura on the map for embracing its coastal lifestyle. First the craypot, now the lighthouse.

Positive Effects

The proposed development is to construct 2 brand new, high quality one-bedroom dwellings on the land situated at 2 Wakatu Quay. Both to be available for short term visitor accommodation.

When reading Kaikoura District Councils Long Term Plan, it is interesting to note the following observations:

Kaikoura's local economy has been estimated to have around 40% of gross domestic product (GDP) reliant upon tourism, and around 50% of the workforce is directly dependent upon visitor spend, while a further 35% support tourism indirectly.

Following the global pandemic and now two lockdowns for New Zealand, it is imperative to our country and especially to our town, that we encourage any development that landowners are willing to invest.

Kaikoura's benefits from tourism continue to increase as the years pass. We have just opened the newly renovated Mayfair theatre, we have world class bike trails and a mountain bike adventure park, the new pool complex, new restaurants, and notable developments such as Bernie's Diner and Car Museum. All these things and more are bringing visitors to the district in huge numbers and giving them a reason to stay 1-2 nights in our town.

This proposal is of triple benefit as it is a development which will provide work and trade locally, it will offer small-scale, short-term accommodation and lastly it will become a feature for Kaikoura. A feature that people will come to our town specially to see or stay in. It will be a talking point and a building to be admired. This is a positive for Kaikoura.

When addressing the noted effects of Development and Tourism in the District Plan it is easy to see the positives of the proposed project:

Issue 1 – Effects of Urban Growth – Although this proposal is for 2 dwellings, both dwellings are only one bedroom meaning that we are providing for urban growth with little effect on natural and physical resources, while upgrading current amenity and providing opportunity for visitors.

Issue 2 - Efficient Use of Physical Infrastructure – Looking at the bird's eye view of the surrounding area pictured below, this land sits right in the middle of an area that is intended to be developed and by developing here it is an efficient use of existing infrastructure.



Birds eye view of the Wakatu Quay area, 2 Wakatu Quay outlined in red

Issue 3 - Growth and Development of Commercial Activities - Although no firm plans have been officially announced for the 10-million-dollar wharf development, discussions with the project team can confirm that the area will not be offering accommodation. It is likely to encompass tourism activities, a café and restaurant and possibly some retail space depending on who chooses to come on board with the venture. 2 Wakatu Quay will be a wonderful option for those visiting Kaikoura, being close to commercial operations such as the Wharf, Green Dolphin Restaurant and The Pier Hotel and Restaurant. It is also close to Fyffe House, the Seal Colony and the Peninsula Walk, all popular tourist attractions of Kaikoura, not to mention the breath-taking scenery. Accommodation in this area is sort after.

Issue 4 - Kaikoura's Character and Townscape – There are a few key points which stand out here and align with the proposed development.

- 1) To encourage developers and tourist operators to undertake activities in a manner which recognises and enhances Kaikoura's "small coastal village" character. A lighthouse as accommodation in a "small coastal village" very fitting and appealing.
- 2) To provide for certain types of tourist activities in specific areas, such as the airport, the Kaikoura Peninsula Tourism Zone, and the Whaleway Station, where higher noise levels are appropriate. The proposed development is in keeping with the current activities of the

area. There is a great mix of residential and commercial activities in this area of town, and we believe that specialist accommodation will be highly sort after here.

3) To promote and encourage building design and tourist facilities which reflect and incorporate elements of a small coastal village. If a landowner is willing invest their time and money in a feature piece, which is fitting with the towns coastal environment and to accommodate and promote visitors to the town, this is a huge positive and we need to encourage them to do so.

Issue 5 - Economic Significance of Tourism – The proposed project is providing for sustainable tourism growth in Kaikoura with little effects on the environment.

Issue 6 - Visitor Accommodation Activities – The Kaikoura District has recognised the need to provide visitor accommodation to our area while mitigating the effects of increased visitors to the area. This is a positive accommodation provision as the owners will be visiting the site regularly, it is not large scale, the proposed is an enhancement on the existing property.

Conclusion

The proposed is an un-restricted discretionary activity in the Residential A Zone due to the project being intended for use as visitor accommodation. I have provided an assessment of the actual and potential effects of the proposal in accordance with section 88 of the Act and I have assessed the matters required under section 104 of the Act.

The intention of the proposed dwellings is to provide a modern and exciting form of visitor accommodation, expanding what the town has to offer. Significant landscaping will be offered, and all cultural requirements adhered to. The dwellings will be of high standard and the lighthouse a real talking point for Kaikoura, which will bring visitors to the town. The applicant is wishing to meet a demand in the market in a popular area for visitors.

Tania Ross 03 319 6543 or 027 482 6421 tsross76@gmail.com Appendix A – Site plan, Floor plans, Elevations

Appendix B – Preliminary Archaeological Report

Appendix C – Environment Canterbury LLUR Report

Appendix D – Affected Party Approval Forms and Proof of Consultation

ARCHITECTURAL & STRUCTURAL DESIGN GRONDONA DEVELOPMENT

for

Grondona Holdings Limited

Lot 2 DP 3886

Wakatu Quay

Kaikoura

DESIGN SUMMARY

CLIMATE ZONE = 3
EARTHQUAKE ZONE = 3
WIND AREA = SED
SNOW ZONE/ALTITUDE = N/A
CORROSION EXPOSURE ZONE = ZONE D

Pete Richards Laser Design Services P.O Box 177 Leithfield Beach

Licenced Building Practitioner LBP No 110089



Laser Designs - Pete Richards PHONE: (03) 313 6030

ADDRESS: PO BOX 177 LEITHFIELD BEACH 7446

EMAIL: pete.richards@xtra.co.n

JOB TITLE:

Development for Grondona Holdings Ltd

DRAWING TITLE:

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 2 DP 3886

Address: Wakatu Quay Kaikoura

NOTES:

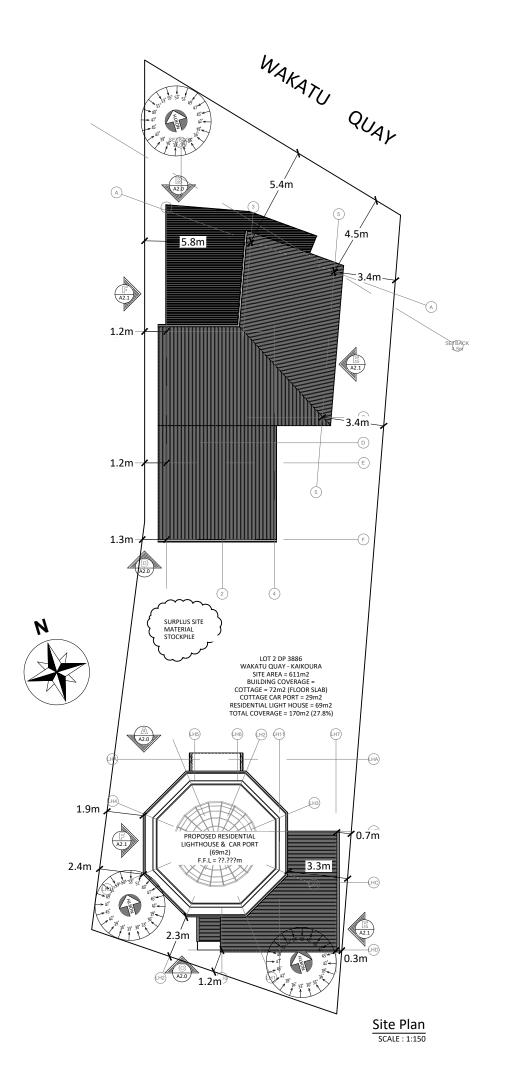
- Subject to council approval

the contractor prior to the commencement of wor

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21/05/2021			
	PJR		
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		2020-351	

SHEET:



SEDIMENT AND SITE MANAGEMENT

- Refer to the Sediment plan for site layout protection
- Provide stabilized all-weather access Control water at the top of the site.
- Control sediment at the foot of the site.
- Control seamment at the root or the site.

 Put all stockpiles and building materials within the sediment control zone.

 Connect all downpipes as soon as possible.

 Manage litter and building wastes especially concrete.
- Promptly stabilize service trenching and other areas of exposed soil.

 Maintain and carefully decommission control measures and stabilize the site.
- Minimise site re-contouring and keep earthworks to an absolute minimum only start
- them immediately before you start building.

 11. Maintain as much grass cover as possible and install temporary fences to define 'no go' areas that are not to be disturbed.
 - Direct stormwater flows around the building area and any exposed soils (see step 3). Allow room for sediment controls (see step 5)
 - Do not use exposed aggregate concrete in areas where the wash-off cannot be uately contained or removed: concrete is lethal to fish even in tiny concentrations (see
- Refer to the site plan for erosion and sediment control before starting any earth-disturbing activities. The sediment control zone is restricted to within the lot boundaries.
 Provide places where tool and paint washing, brick, tile or masonry cutting and water-cooled activities can be done where they will not cause runoff into stormwater systems Aim to contain all wastewater within the site boundaries by locating these tasks on a permeable surface or uphill of an infil
- 17. Tell staff and subcontractors not to park on the footpath grass verge or swale, where they will damage services and track dirt onto the road.

 18. Make sure all subcontractors and tradesmen are fully aware of their requirements and
- individual responsibilities under this plan: if you document this, it will greatly reduce your
- itability in the event of any pollution complaints.

 19. Provide stabilized all-weather access on the driveway as shown on the site plan. Local residents often complain about muddy roads when builders start work. Protect your site and
- stop this source.

 22. Restrict entry/exit to one stabilized location. this may not be where the driveway will ultimately be wherever practicable, extend the stabilized entry right up to the building, manage the entry/exit point so that sediment is not tracked off site, use an aggregate, recycled concrete or rock apron placed over a needle-punched geotextile fabric membrane where the entry/exit area slopes towards the road, install a diversion hump across the stabilized area to direct storm water runoff to the side for treatment by a sediment fence or sandbag trap.

 23. Control water at the top of the site managing the fall of the land and stormwater runoff,
- to help you plan the layout of your site's erosion and sediment controls.



AvocaStreet

Laser Designs - Pete Richards

PHONE: (03) 313 6030

ADDRESS: PO BOX 177 LEITHFIELD BEACH 7446

EMAIL: pete.richards@xtra.co.nz

JOB TITLE:

Development for **Grondona Holdings Ltd**

DRAWING TITLE:

Site & Location Plan

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Lot 2 DP 3886

Address: Wakatu Quav Kaikoura

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Α

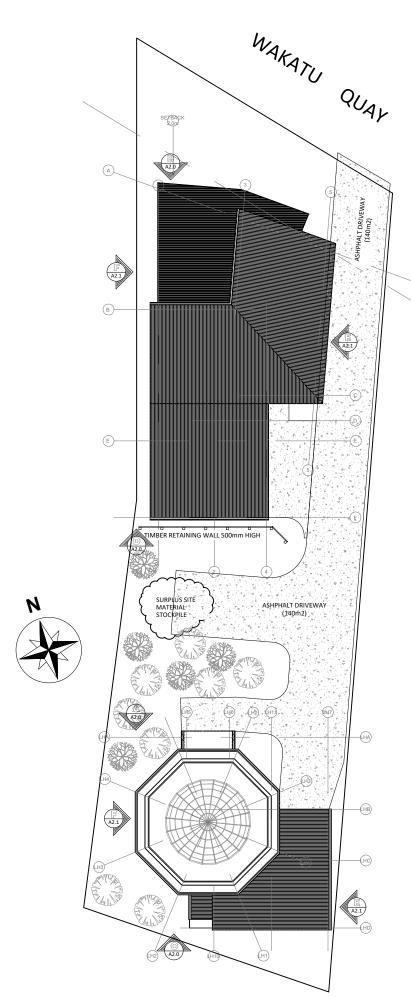
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Location Plan

A1.0

2020-351

NOT TO SCALE ORIGINAL SIZE A2 IF A3 SCALE UP BY 1.4142% TO A2



SLIP RESISTANCE FOR TILES TO COMPLY WITH NZBC. REFER TO END OF THE SPECIFICATION FOR NZBC SLIP RESISTANCE TABLE (D1/AS1: 2.1).

SHEET AND TILE FLOORING INCLUDING PATIOS WHEN IN PLACE ON A LEVEL ACCESS ROUTE ARE TO HAVE A MEAN COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION (N) NOT LESS THAN 0.4 WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS/NZS 4586

SELECTED "GRIT FINISHED GLAZED TILES" TO 80 GRIT SANDPAPER FEEL ON LEVEL FINISH.

Patios or entry slabs are to be constructed at all external entry to the house with a step down not exceeding 190mm.

Landscaping and Contour Plan

SEDIMENT AND SITE MANAGEMENT

- Refer to the Sediment plan for site layout protection
- Provide stabilized all-weather access Control water at the top of the site.
- Control sediment at the foot of the site.
- Control seamment at the root or the site.

 Put all stockpiles and building materials within the sediment control zone.

 Connect all downpipes as soon as possible.

 Manage litter and building wastes especially concrete.
- Promptly stabilize service trenching and other areas of exposed soil.

 Maintain and carefully decommission control measures and stabilize the site.
- Minimise site re-contouring and keep earthworks to an absolute minimum only start
- them immediately before you start building.

 11. Maintain as much grass cover as possible and install temporary fences to define 'no go' areas that are not to be disturbed.
 - Direct stormwater flows around the building area and any exposed soils (see step 3). Allow room for sediment controls (see step 5)
- Do not use exposed aggregate concrete in areas where the wash-off cannot be uately contained or removed: concrete is lethal to fish even in tiny concentrations (see
- step 7).

 15. Refer to the site plan for erosion and sediment control before starting any earth-disturbing activities. The sediment control zone is restricted to within the lot boundaries.

 16. Provide places where tool and paint washing, brick, tile or masonry cutting and
- water-cooled activities can be done where they will not cause runoff into stormwater systems. Aim to contain all wastewater within the site boundaries by locating these tasks on a permeable surface or uphill of an infiltration or where appropriate, a service trench.
- 17. Tell staff and subcontractors not to park on the footpath grass verge or swale, where they will damage services and track dirt onto the road.

 18. Make sure all subcontractors and tradesmen are fully aware of their requirements and
- individual responsibilities under this plan: if you document this, it will greatly reduce your liability in the event of any pollution complaints.

 19. Provide stabilized all-weather access on the driveway as shown on the site plan. Local
- residents often complain about muddy roads when builders start work. Protect your site and stop this source.

 22. Restrict entry/exit to one stabilized location. this may not be where the driveway will
- ultimately be wherever practicable, extend the stabilized entry right up to the building, manage the entry/lexit point so that sediment is not tracked off site, use an aggregate, recycled concrete or rock apron placed over a needle-punched geotextile fabric membrane where the entry/exit area slopes towards the road, install a diversion hump across the stabilized area to direct storm water runoff to the side for treatment by a sediment fence or sandbag trap.

 23. Control water at the top of the site managing the fall of the land and stormwater runoff,
- to help you plan the layout of your site's erosion and sediment controls.

Laser Designs - Pete Richards

ADDRESS: PO BOX 177 LEITHFIELD BEACH 7446

JOB TITLE:

Development for **Grondona Holdings Ltd**

DRAWING TITLE:

Landscaping and Contour Plan

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Lot 2 DP 3886 Address: Wakatu Quay Kaikoura

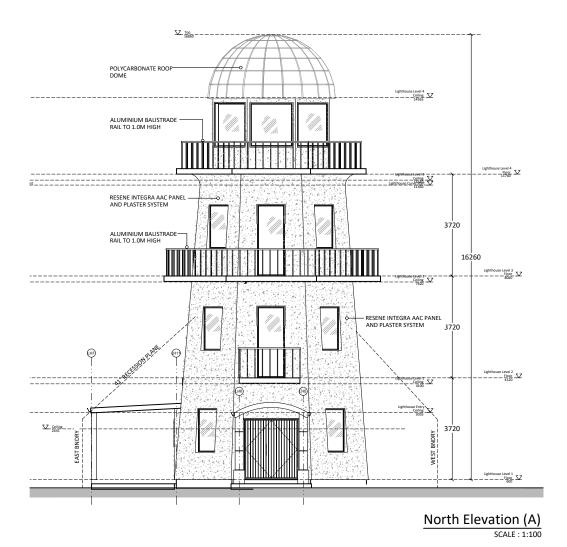
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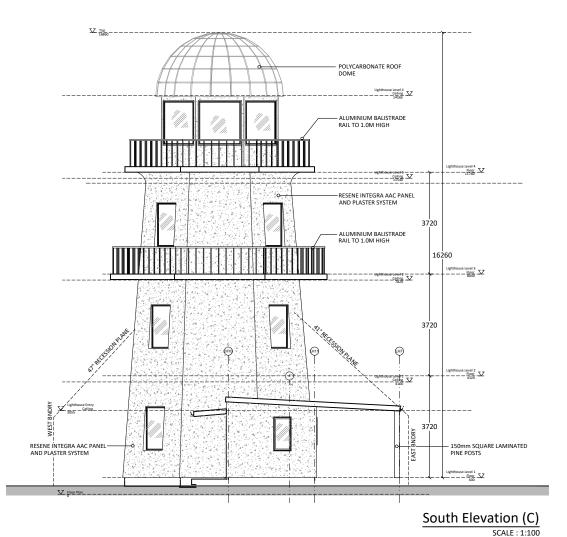
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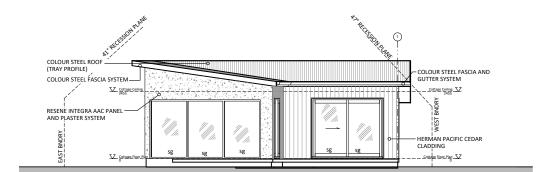
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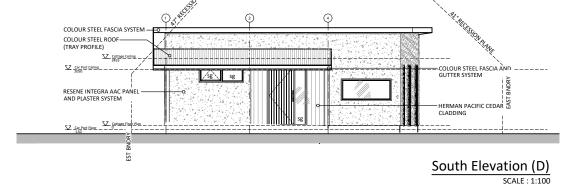
A1.2







North Elevation (B) SCALE : 1:100



GENERAL NOTES

NOTE: INSTALL ALL PROPRIETARY PRODUCTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS, UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE

ROOF CLADDING.
COLORSTEEL FINISHED METAL LONG RUN ROOFING 0.4BMT
(METALCRAFT MC760 OR SIMILAR PROFILE) OVER
SELF-SUPPORTING UNDERLAY ON; (SG8) H1.2 70 X 45 PURLINS @
900 CTRS MAX;
OVER TRUSSES TO NZBC B1/VM1 OR LUMBERWORX LIB300-88
RAFTERS.

HARDIES SOFFIT FIXED TO 90x45mm 70x20mm BATTENS H1.2 @ APPROPRIATE CTRS (TYPICAL FOR TIMBER FRAMED WALL EAVE).

EXTERIOR CLADDING.
RESENE INTEGRA AAC PANEL SYSTEM ON VENTILATED CAVITY
ON ECOPLY RAB ON 90x45 STUDS @ 400mm CRS, OR 140x45
STUDS @ 600mm CRS (SED DESIGNED WIND ZONE) OR
HERMAN PACIFIC CEDAR CLADDING ON ECOPLY RAB ON 90x45
STUDS @ 400mm CRS, OR 140x45 STUDS @ 600mm CRS (SED
DESIGNED WIND ZONE)

FLOOR STRUCTURE.
RAFT FOUNDATION (PLEASE REFER TO ENGINEERS DRAWINGS)

WINDOW JOINERY.
SELECTED ALUMINIUM FRAMED WINDOWS (SELECTED SERIES)
ALL WINDOW DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE ROUGH OPENING, SITE
VERIEY PRIOR TO FABRICATION.
ALL GLAZING EXCEPT GARAGE TO BE DOUBLE GLAZED. GLAZING
SHOWN AS (sg) IS TO BE SAFETY GLASS.
ALL WINDOWS AND DOORS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH NZS 4211 TO SUIT LOCATION.

EXTERNAL DOORS.SELECTED ALUMINIUM FRAMED DOOR JOINERY (SELECTED SERIES)

SLAB & FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION (GARAGE)
AS PER FOUNDATION LAYOUT AND ENGINEERS DESIGN.

Laser Designs - Pete Richards

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JOB TITLE:

Development for **Grondona Holdings Ltd**

DRAWING TITLE:

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Lot 2 DP 3886 Address: Wakatu Quay Kaikoura

NOTES:

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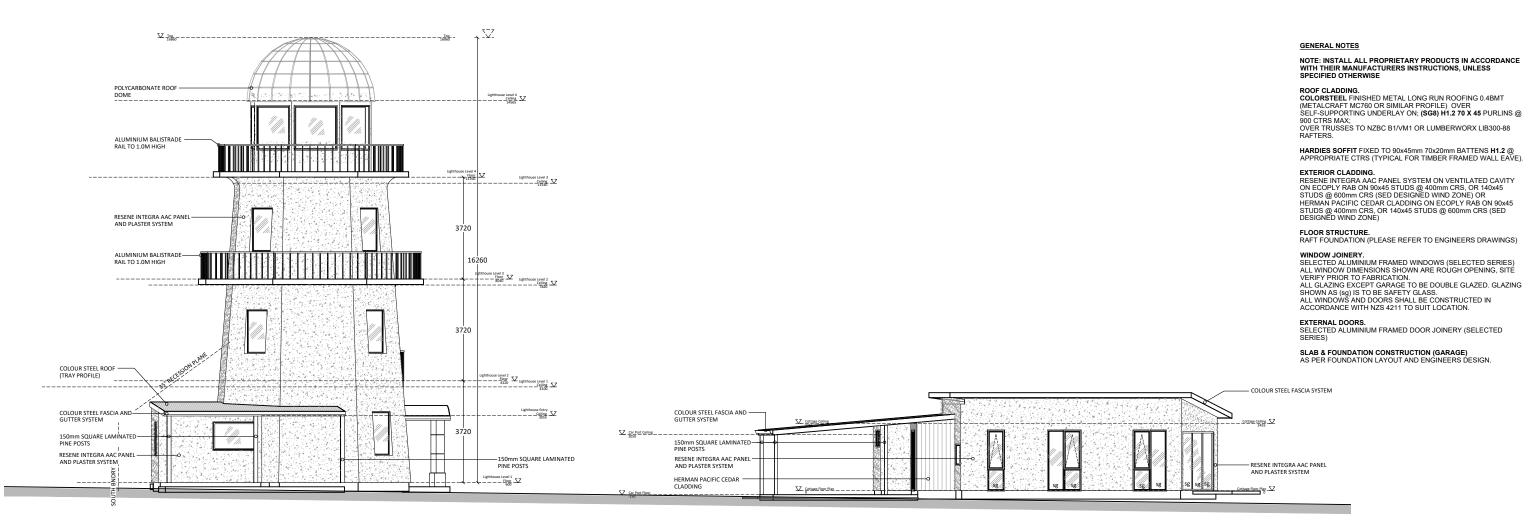
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	PJR	
AMENDMENT DATE:	VERSION:	JOB#
	Α	2020-351

SHEET:

A2.0

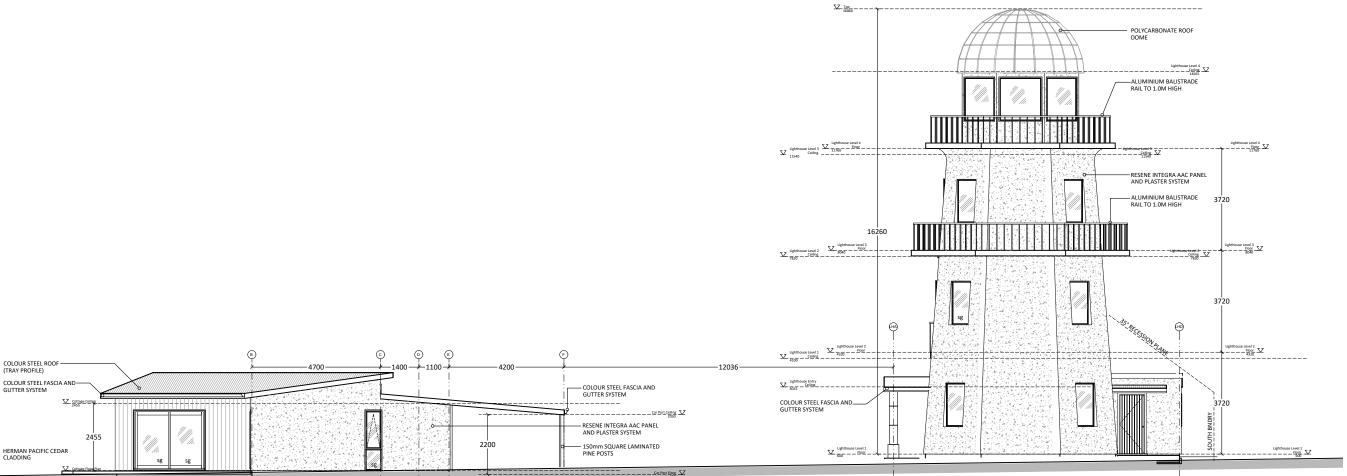
Elevations

ORIGINAL SIZE A2 IF A3 SCALE UP BY 1.4142% TO A2



East Elevation (E)

SCALE : 1:100



Laser Designs - Pete Richards

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EMAIL: pete.richards@xtra.co.nz

Pote. Torial ab @xita.co.i

JOB TITLE:

Development for Grondona Holdings Ltd

DRAWING TITLE:

Elevations

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Lot 2 DP 3886

Address: Wakatu Quay Kaikoura

NOTES:

- Subject to council approval

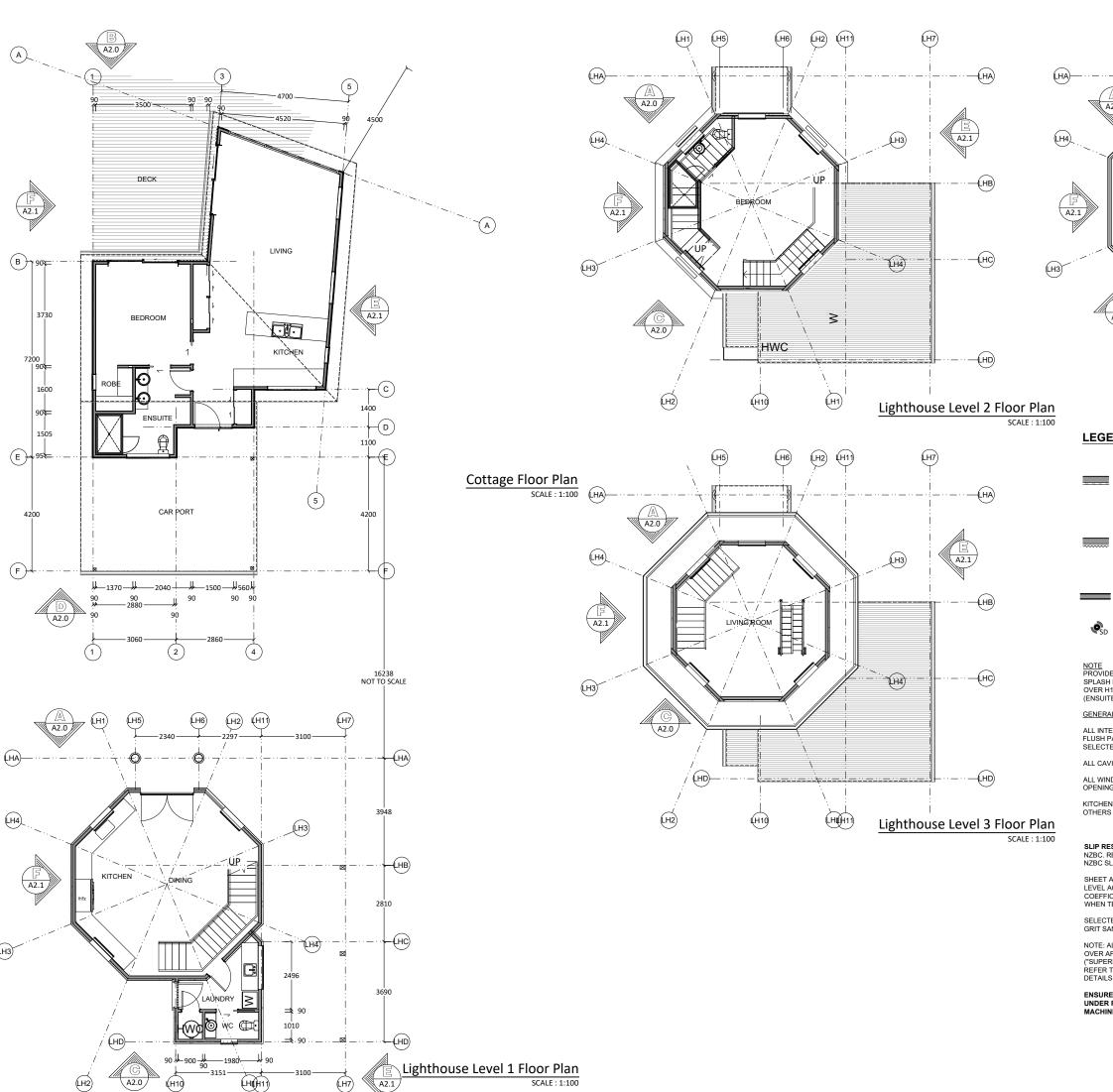
- All measurements to be confirmed on site by
the contractor prior to the commencement of v

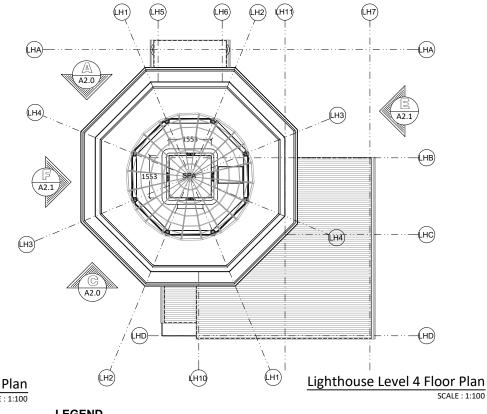
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SHEET:

West Elevation (F)
SCALE: 1:100

A2.1





LEGEND

EXTERIOR LOAD BEARING WALLS
RESENE INTEGRA AAC PANEL SYSTEM ON 20mm VENTILATED CAVITY ON 90x45mm (STUDS @ 400mmCRS MAX) DWANGS @ 800mm CRS MAX). PAINT FINISHED 10mm GIB BD (ADHESIVE FIX IN MIDDLE AND GIB SCREWS) OR

HERMAN PACIFIC VERTICAL CEDAR ON 20mm CAVIBAT CAVITY ON 90x45mm (STUDS @ 400mmCRS MAX) DWANGS @ 400mm CRS MAX) DWANGS @ 400mm CRS MAX)
PAINT FINISHED 10mm GIB BD (ADHESIVE FIX IN MIDDLE AND GIB SCREWS)

INTERNAL NON-LOAD BEARING WALLS
PAINT FINISHED 10mm (Min) GIB BD LINED; (SG8) H1.2
90 x 45 INTERNAL TIMBER FRAMING; STUDS @ 600
CTRS, DWANGS @ 800 CTRS (MAX) (UP TO 2.7m STUD)

HUSH TYPE SMOKE DETECTORS

NOTE PROVIDE SELECTED GLOSS ENAMEL PAINT AND CERAMIC TILE SPLASH BACK FINISHES OVER 10mm GIB BOARD AQUALINE OVER H1.2 TIMBER FRAMED WALLS TO ALL WET AREAS (ENSUITE/ BATHROOM/ LAUNDRY/ KITCHENS)

GENERAL NOTES

ALL INTERIOR DOORS TO BE PAINT FINISHED FLUSH PANEL MDF HOLLOW CORE DOORS WITH SELECTED HARDWARE (810 X 2200 NOMINAL SIZE)

ALL CAVITY SLIDERS TO BE CS BRAND

ALL WINDOW AND DOOR DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE ROUGH OPENING, SITE VERIFY PRIOR TO FABRICATION

KITCHEN DESIGN JOINERY DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTED BY OTHERS

SLIP RESISTANCE FOR TILES TO COMPLY WITH NZBC. REFER TO END OF THE SPECIFICATION FOR NZBC SLIP RESISTANCE TABLE (D1/AS1: 2.1).

SHEET AND TILE FLOORING WHEN IN PLACE ON A LEVEL ACCESS ROUTE ARE TO HAVE A MEAN COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION (N) NOT LESS THAN 0.4 WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS/NZS 4586

SELECTED "GRIT FINISHED GLAZED TILES" TO 80 GRIT SANDPAPER FEEL ON LEVEL FINISH

NOTE: ALL TILE FLOOR FINISH WET AREAS TO BE OVER APPROVED WATER PROOF MEMBRANE ("SUPERFLEX") REFER TO SPECIFICATION FOR INSTALLATION DETAILS

ENSURE TO INSTALL TILES TO WET AREAS UNDER PLUMBING FIXTURES I.E. UNDER WASHING MACHINE AND BATHROOM BASIN Laser Designs - Pete Richards

ADDRESS: PO BOX 177 LEITHFIELD BEACH 7446

EMAIL: pete.richards@xtra.co.nz

JOB TITLE:

Development for **Grondona Holdings Ltd**

DRAWING TITLE:

Floor Plan

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 2 DP 3886

Address: Wakatu Quay Kaikoura

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A3.0

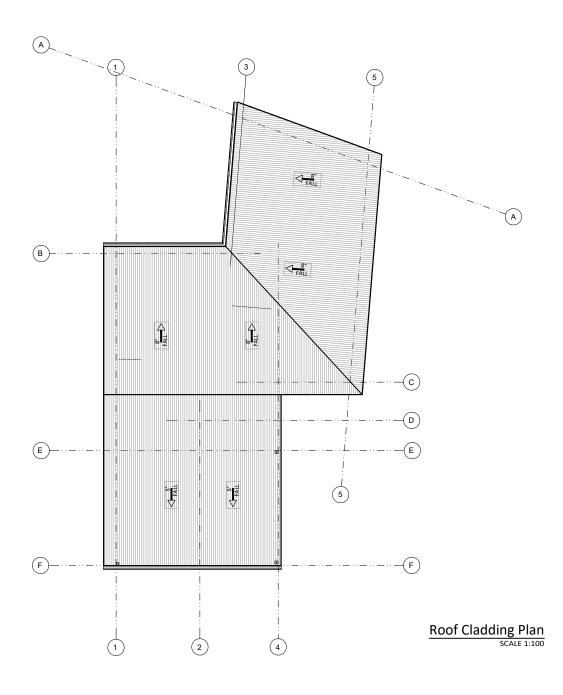


Table 5:	Downpipe Sizes for Given Roof Pitch and Area Paragraph 4.2.1						
Downpip	e size (mm)		Roof	pitch			
(minimum	internal sizes)	0-25°	25-35"	35-45"	45-55°		
		Plan area of roof served by the downpipe (m²)					
63 mm dia	ameter	60	50	40	35		
74 mm diameter		85	70	60	50		
100 mm diameter		155	130	110	90		
150 mm diameter		350	290	250	200		
65 x 50 rectangular 100 x 50 rectangular 75 x 75 rectangular 100 x 75 rectangular		60	50	40	35		
		100	80	70	60		
		110 90 80		65			
		150	120	105	90		

Downpipe Capacity Table

GENERAL NOTES:

ROOF CLADDING
COLORSTEEL FINISHED METAL LONG RUN ROOFING
0.4BMT (METALCRAFT MC760 TRAY OR SIMILAR) OVER
SELF-SUPPORTING UNDERLAY ON; (SG8) H1.2 70 X 45
PURLINS @ 900 CTRS MAX;

- OVER APPROVED NAIL PLATE TRUSSES @ 900 CTRS (MAX)

ALL PIPE (eg VENT PIPES) ROOF PENETRATIONS SHALL BE FLASHED AS PER NZBC EZ/AS1 EXTERNAL MOISTURE SECTION 8.4 PROFILED METAL ROOF CLADDING (8.4.17 ROOF PENETRATIONS) AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 53 & 54

REFER TO DETAILS FOR PIPE FLASHING SYSTEM INSTALLATION DETAILS

NOTE: PROVIDE SNOW STRAPS | 25mm WIDE x LENGTH TO SUIT x 0.55 GAUGE MILD STEEL @ 450 CTRS; FIX WITH ONE ROOF NAIL THOUGH THE UPPER BND OF THE STRAP NO LESS THEN 25mm FROM END OF STRAP; TURN DOWN THE FACE OF THE GUTTER A MINIMUM OF 15mm AND IS TO BE FIXED WITH 2 RIVETS (TYPE: 4 GAUGE) THROUGH THE FACE AND 1 RIVET THROUGH THE TOP

FLASHINGS
ROOF FLASHINGS (APRON, BARGE AND RIDGE PARAPET CAPPINGS) ARE TO BE MANUFACTURED FROM THE SAME COATING SYSTEM AS USED FOR THE MAIN ROOF AREA TO ENSURE EQUAL DURABILITY.

TYPE SPECIFIED FOR PROJECT; COLORSTEEL® PREPAINTED STEEL (FACTORY COATED STEEL)

MATERIALS
PRE-FINISHED GALVANIZED STEEL WITH FORMABILITY
G550 STEEL SHEET COATED TO AS 1397, PRETREATED,
PRIMED, TOP-FINISHED AND BACK-COATED. M
GALVANIZED STEEL, UNPAINTED WITH FORMABILITY G550
STEEL SHEET COATED TO AS 1397.

GENERAL FLASHINGS; (APRON, BARGE AND RIDGE PARAPET CAPPINGS) TO BE FORMABLE GRADE 0.55 BMT FOR PREPAINTED STEEL TO MATCH ROOFING (COLORSTEEL®)

CUSTOM FABRICATED; FLASHINGS (AS INDICATED) TO BE FORMABLE GRADE 0.55 BMT. FOLDED TO SUIT LOCATION/PROFILE AND THEN PAINTED TO MATCH COLORSTEEL ROOF SELECTION BY CLIENT (I.E. ROOF COLOUR) (BAKED PAINT SYSTEM TO BE APPLIED TO THE GALVANISED STEEL FOLDED FLASHING)

Laser Designs - Pete Richards PHONE: (03) 313 6030 ADDRESS: PO BOX 177 LEITHFIELD BEACH 7446

EMAIL: pete.richards@xtra.co.nz

JOB TITLE:

Development for **Grondona Holdings Ltd**

DRAWING TITLE:

Roof Cladding

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Lot 2 DP 3886 Address: Wakatu Quay Kaikoura

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A4.0

ORIGINAL SIZE A2 IF A3 SCALE UP BY 1.4142% TO A2



Consent Application (as per sections 94A, 95C,127,136(4)(b) and 234(4) of Resource Management Act 1991) Written Approval for the Following Activity That is Subject to a Resource

Note to applicants: Written approval should be obtained by all owners/occupants over the age of 18 years unless one person has authority to sign for either owners or occupants. Proof of that authority should be included with form.

Same Same and Same	аррисаль го сотрасте
Applicant's name	ELONA GRONDONA + PETE HOLMES
Address of	2 WAKATU QUAY
proposal	Karkoura
Legal Description	Lot 2 DP 3886
Brief Description of Proposal:	roposal:
Bedroom	in Front Townhouse with I Bedroom
1 ght house	accommodata at the rea
(
Plan references (including title, author and parties sign all site plans and include with this form.	Plan references (including title, author and date):includes assessment of affects, site plans and reports. Please have all parties sign all site plans and include with this form.
Assessment	of Effects: Tania Ross.
Elevation pl	plans, site plan, Floor Plan : Laser Designs
	Ret Richards.
Part 2— For the per	For the person giving written approval to complete
Full name (in print)	Fiara Leigh Carr
Full name (in print)	Phillip Maurice Edward Corr
Full name (in print)	
I We own besupy (del	IWe own becupy (delete one) the following property:
3 Wakatu	atu Quay Kaikowa
Contact Phone	Email address
319 - 32	60 phil-court@xhra.co.nz
IF YOU ARE THE O	IF YOU ARE THE OWNER PLEASE CHECK ONE:
I live on site or the site is unoccupied. The site is occupied by tenants or ot immediate plans to vacate the premises).	I live on site or the site is unoccupied. The site is occupied by tenants or others on a long term basis (more than three months with no nediate plans to vacate the premises).
Please provide name	Please provide name of all occupants over 18 years of age:
Carol (Martin
	Page 1 of 2

Part 3: Information -Please read before signing below.

INFORMATION

Conditional written approvals cannot be accepted.

Council must disregard trade competition and the effects of trade competition.

please contact Council planning staff who can provide you with information. you fully understand the proposal. If you require the Resource Consent Process to be explained to you, There is no obligation to sign this form, and no reasons need to be given. You should only sign below if

If this form is not signed, the application may be notified with an opportunity for submissions.

Part 4: Declaration and Signatures

DECLARATION - Please read before signing below

any site plans as describe on page 1. I/we have initialed the site plans. The site plans need to be included I/we have read the full application for resource consent, the Assessment of Environmental Effects, and with this form.

no longer an affected person, and the consent authority must not have regard to any adverse effects on In signing this written approval, I/we understand that the consent authority must decide that I/we am

I/we understand that I/we may withdraw my written approval by giving written notice to the consent authority before the hearing, if there is one, or, if there is not, before the application is determined.

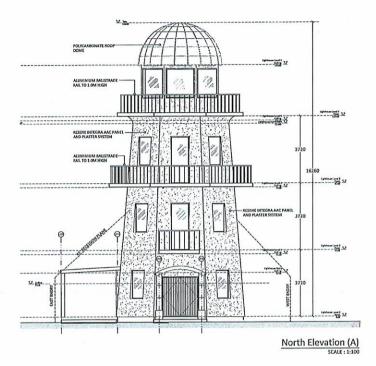
I do not have authority to sign on behalf of a trust/company/owners/occupiers (delete as required) *

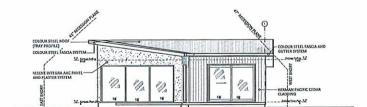
*If signing on behalf	Signature			Signature		Signature		Signature		Signature	
*If signing on behalf of a trust or company or an individual, please provide	Owner/occupier (delete one)		Owner/occupier (delete one)		Owner/occupier (delete one)		Owner/occupier (delete one)		Owner/occupier (delete one)	Slew	
ease prov		Date	J L	Date	1 [Date	I	Date		Date	l
ide								29-10-21		29-10-21	

additional written evidence that you have signing authority.

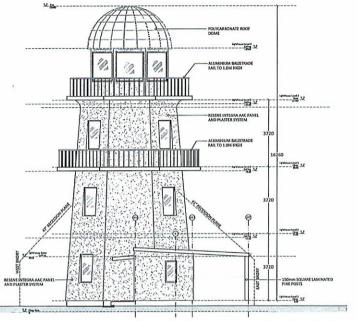
*If you are signing of behalf of all the other owners or occupiers, please provide proof that you

have signing authority

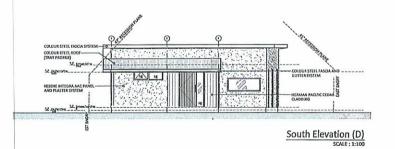




North Elevation (B) SCALE: 1:100



South Elevation (C) SCALE : 1:100



GENERAL NOTES

ROOF CLADDING

ROOF CLADDING.
COLORSTELL PRISHED METAL LONG RUN ROOFING 0.4BMT
METALCART MO750 OR SIMILAR PROFILE) OVER
SELF-SUPPORTING UNDERLAY ON; (SOB) H1.2 10 X 45 PURLINS @
900 CTRS MAX;
OVER TRUSSES TO NZBC BIAVMI OR LUMBERWORX LIB300-88
RAFTERS.

HARDIES SOFFIT FIXED TO 90x45mm 70x20mm BATTENS H1.2 @ APPROPRIATE CTRS (TYPICAL FOR TIMBER FRAMED WALL EAVE).

EXTERIOR CLADDING.
RESENE INTEGRA ANC PANEL SYSTEM ON VEHITLATED CAVITY
ON ECOPLY TAGE ON 90245 STUDS & 400mm CRS, OR 140245
STUDS & 600mm CRS, SED DESIGNED WIND ZONE) OR
HERMAN PACIFIC CEDIA CLADDING ON ECOPLY TAG ON 90245
STUDS & 400mm CRS, OR 10045 STUDS & 600mm CRS (SED DESIGNED WIND ZONE) OR
SEGNED WIND ZONE)

FLOOR STRUCTURE.
RAFT FOUNDATION (PLEASE REFER TO ENGINEERS DRAWINGS)

WINDOW JOINERY.
SELECTED ALUMINUM FRAMED WINDOWS (SELECTED SERIES)
ALL WINDOW DIMENSIONS SINGMA ARE ROUGH OPENING, SITE
ALL WINDOW DIMENSIONS SINGMA ARE ROUGH OPENING, SITE
ALL GLAZING EXCEPT CARAGET TO BE DOUBLE GLAZED, GLAZING
SHOWN AS (9) IS TO BE SAFETY GLASS,
ALL WINDOWS AND DOORS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH TASK 241 TO SUIT LOCATION.

EXTERNAL DOORS.
SELECTED ALUMINIUM FRAMED DOOR JOINERY (SELECTED SERIES)

SLAB & FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION (GARAGE)
AS PER FOUNDATION LAYOUT AND ENGINEERS DESIGN.

Laser Designs - Pele Richards PHONE: (03) 313 5030 ADDRESS: PO BOX 177 LEITHFIELD BEACH 7448
EMAIL: poterkhards@stre.co.nz

JOB TITLE:

Development for Grondona Holdings Ltd

DRAWING TITLE:

Elevations

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 2 DP 3866 Address: Wakatu Quay Kaikoura

NOTES:

Subject to council approval
 All measurements to be confirmed on sits by
the contractor prior to the commencement of work

O Laser Design Services Ltd.

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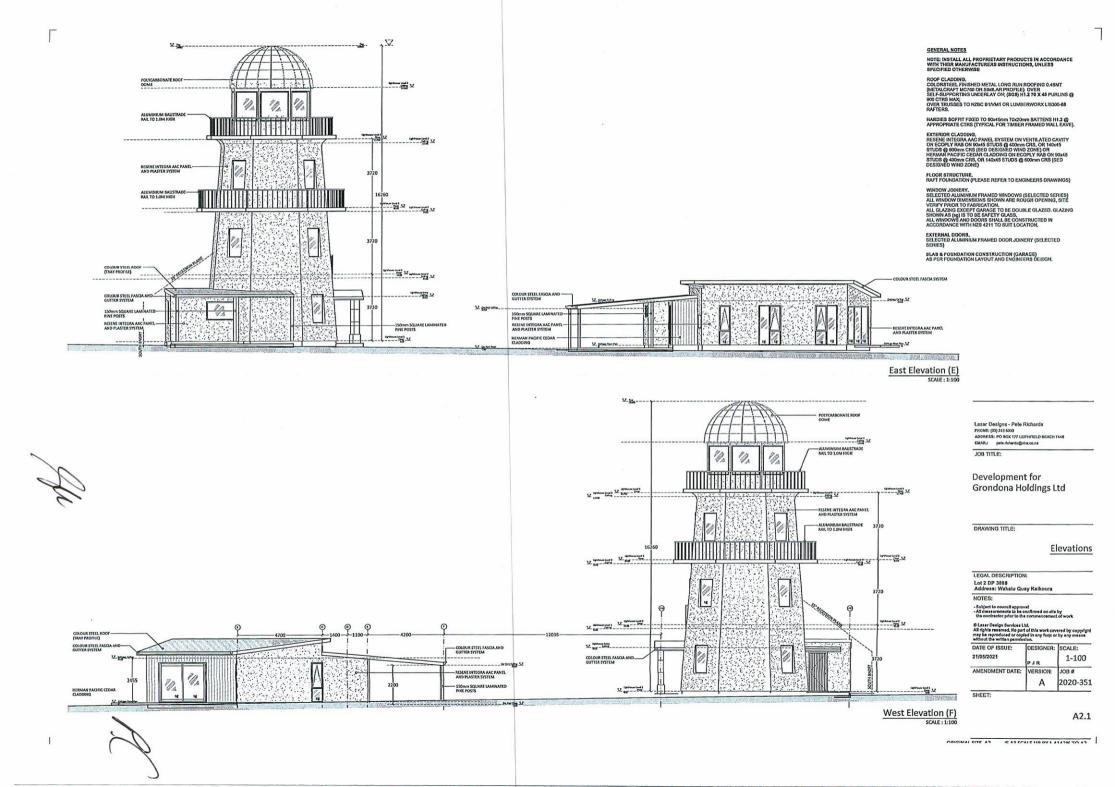
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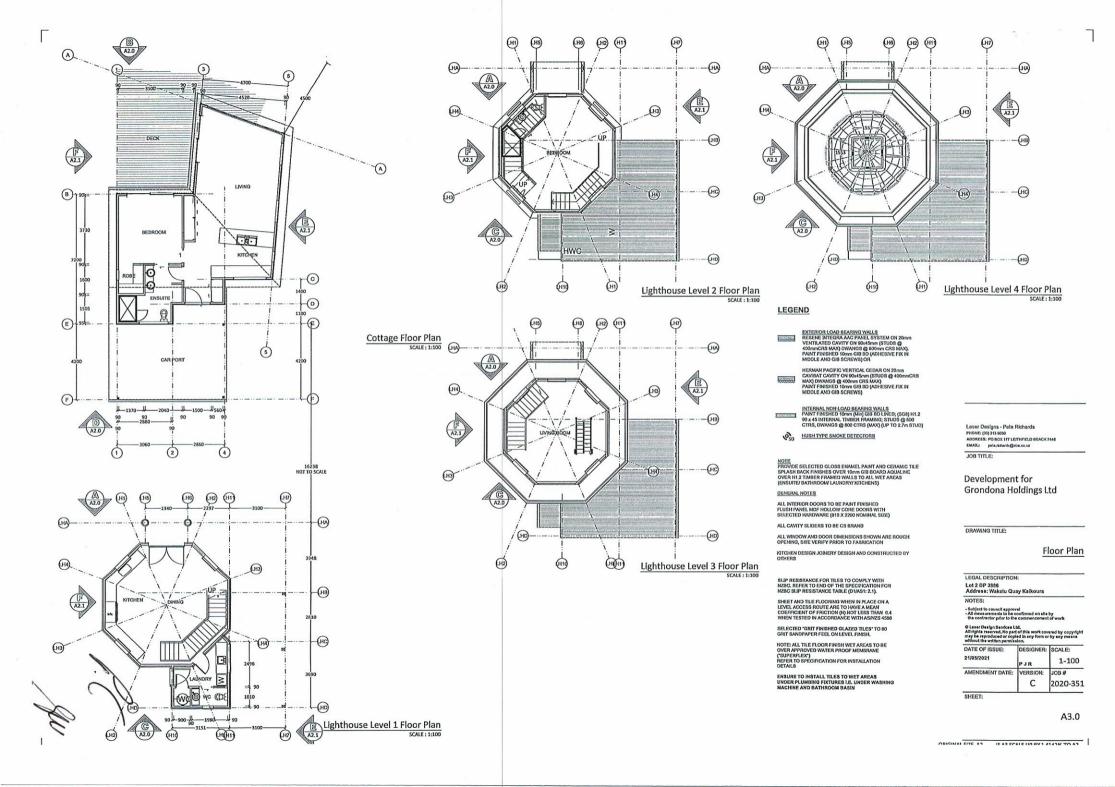
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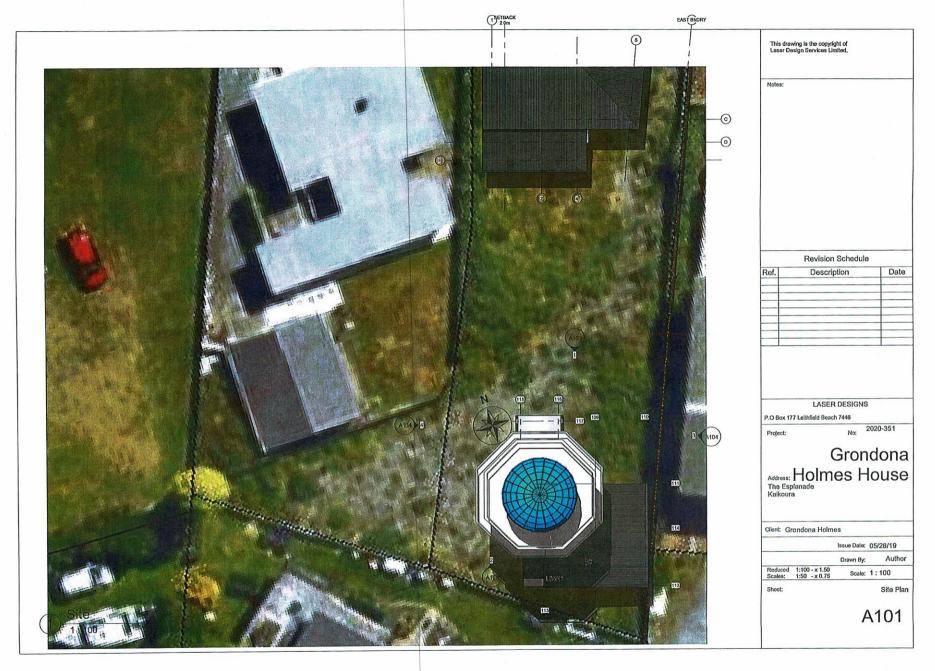
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Assessment of Environmental Effects

1-bedroom front townhouse/visitor accommodation, 1-bedroom lighthouse house/visitor accommodation at rear, 2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikoura

Application for resource consent under section 88 of the Act

effects must be included, in accordance with Schedule 4. Schedule 4(2) requires the following When applying for a resource consent under section 88 of the Act an assessment of environmental matters to be addressed.

- Any effects on those in the neighbourhood and, where relevant, the wider community including any socio-economic and cultural effects:
- Any physical effects on the locality, including any landscape or visual effects
- Any effects on ecosystems......
- historical, spiritual, or cultural, or other special value for present and future generations: Any effects on natural and physical resources having aesthetic, recreational, scientific,
- Any discharge of contaminants into the environment, including any unreasonable emission of noise and options for the treatment and disposal of contaminants:
- Any risk to the neighbourhood, the wider community, or the environment through natural hazards or the use of hazardous substances or hazardous installations

assessment of effects on the environment. The subsection (1) of the fourth schedule to the Act lists matters that should be included in an

Where it is likely that an activity will result in significant adverse effect on the environment, a response to the views of any person consulted Identification of the persons affected by the proposal, the consultation undertaken, if any and any A description of mitigation measures to help prevent or reduce the actual or potential effects An assessment of the actual or potential effects on the environment of the proposed activity. description of any possible alternative locations or methods for undertaking the activity.

Project

situated at 2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikoura. This townhouse is to be used for visitor accommodation. The each dwelling. The details of the overall proposal are addressed below sought to allow for non-compliance with the internal boundary setbacks, height standards and earthworks, landscaping and the provision of access and on-site car parking. Resource consent is building, comprising of a total of 69m². Accompanying the development of the built form will be single level dwelling of 72m². The lighthouse dwelling will be provided over four levels in one property to be for the owners use and occasional visitor accommodation. The front townhouse is a applicant is also seeking consent to develop a one-bedroom lighthouse house at the rear of the The applicant seeks resource consent to develop a one-bedroom townhouse to the front of the land accommodation, resource consent is also sought for visitor accommodation of up to four people in recession plane standards. As both buildings are intended to be used for small scale

Assessment of Environmental Effects

addressing natural hazards and substances; 'amenity' addressing amenity; and 'positive effects' effects' addressing as the heading states 'discharge' addressing servicing and storm water 'risk' neighbourhood where the project is located 'physical effects on the locality/landscape or visual I have set out our assessment of effects under the heading's 'neighbourhood' addressing the outlining the positive effects the proposed project will have on the area.

The following is my assessment of actual or potential effects & mitigating measures

Si M

Neighbourhood

good mix of residential activity with commercial operations close by. where The Pier Hotel, Green Dolphin Restaurant and Wharf are located. The area lends itself to a Majority of the properties in this area are zoned residential A, except for some Business B land block of flats, the Admiral Court Motel, and the Green Dolphin restaurant (not currently operating). Restaurant. The rest of the surrounding area is a mix of residential single dwellings, bare land, a The site is located in Wakatu Quay close to the Wharf development and The Pier Hotel and

drive, walk or bike from town to the seal colony and visit The Pier Restaurant on their way to or Kaikoura and, the seal colony, a popular tourist destination in Kaikoura. Tourists and locals often The area of Wakatu Quay is located approximately halfway in between the main township of

beverage, and hospitality and provide a meeting place to share, enjoy and communicate. We feel encourage local families out for a walk, ride, or drive in the weekend to go and "see the lighthouse" development and the surrounding area nicely. Such feature buildings bring visitors to town or that a feature building of a lighthouse which is a house and accommodation would complement this commercial, recreational, and cultural activities. To also assist in show casing local culture, food, The wharf development is a future focused project hoping to provide an area which enables

area as it is nautically themed and something one wouldn't expect to be out of place on a coastline Being located in a picturesque coastal area, it can be reasoned that a lighthouse is fitting with the

accommodation, is one that we see as positive for the neighbourhood. The proposal to construct a brand-new town house and a brand-new home/feature building and

Wider Community / Socio-economic and cultural effect

are willing to invest into the community, we, as a community support and encourage them to do so visitors, the greater the benefit for the wider community. country and community economically. Looking to the future, the more that Kaikoura has to offer Especially in the current global climate of Covid 19, and the uncertainty that Covid 19 poses to our As tourism is one of Kaikoura's largest earning industries, it is important that when landowners who

admire which will be increased by the visitors sure to be attracted by the wharf development. environment in which it is being built. It will provide a unique feature for locals and tourists to gain large living space. The lighthouse design is one of passion, created to compliment the coastal This proposal is unique, as the owners are going for a statement home as opposed to an area built to

adhered to as well as cultural monitoring of the project when any earthworks are undertaken. Te Rununga o Kaikoura and Historic Places trust. Any recommendations made by entities will be consultant to undertake an assessment of the project and property which will then be reviewed by The site is in an archaeological area meaning that the applicant will be engaging an archaeological

applicants would like to provide information in each of the dwellings offering an overview of the history and culture of Kaikoura. The visitors will be able to read about the history of Kaikoura in the As the dwellings will be offered as small scale yet high-quality short-term accommodation, the

B. B.

historic area just down the road which will be rich in information of the history and culture of Kaikoura. Not to mention the Fyfe documents provided in the accommodation and will be located close to the wharf development

are often looking for that something different which they will definitely find in the lighthouse shops and clothes shops to do a wider trade. The proposed project complements this well. Visitors Tourism provides opportunity to Kaikoura and allows for businesses like cafes, restaurants, gift

Physical effects on the locality/landscape or visual effects

The front dwelling is a 72m² single story, one bedroom townhouse intended for small-scale, shortaccess to the rear of the property, the cottage is proposed to be 1.2m off the internal western System. To make the most of the long and slim site and provide room for a driveway providing as well as outdoor living. The dwelling will have a lawn, deck, carport and turning area. This building term holiday accommodation. The applicant intends to provide this dwelling with an indoor garden effects on the locality, landscape, or visual effects. Everything will comply with current building requirements and is expected to have no outstanding boundary and breaks the recession planes slightly which can be viewed on plan A2.0 provided is of modern design and features a coloursteel roof and Resene Integra AAC Panel and Plaster

driveway will connect the dwellings and provide ample turning space for vehicles. Significant landscaping will be provided to be of a positive effect to both dwellings and an asphalt

Kaikoura night sky. This will be maintained to a high level of cleanliness with the use of magnetic allowing views and light to remain. The observation area is to take advantage of the beautiful dwelling positioned on site. The top story is intended as an observation area, so it is mainly glass, outlined below. Please refer to the site plan A1.0 attached for a bird's eye view of the proposed positioned on the site to have minimal to no impact on bounding neighbours shading and views restriction in this area is 8m. Although it is a tall dwelling, it is not wide at height and has been lighthouse design, this makes the dwelling relatively tall at 16m in height, the maximum height The back dwelling is a four storey, 1 bedroom dwelling in the shape of a lighthouse. Because of the

When reviewing the bounding properties, the following is noted:

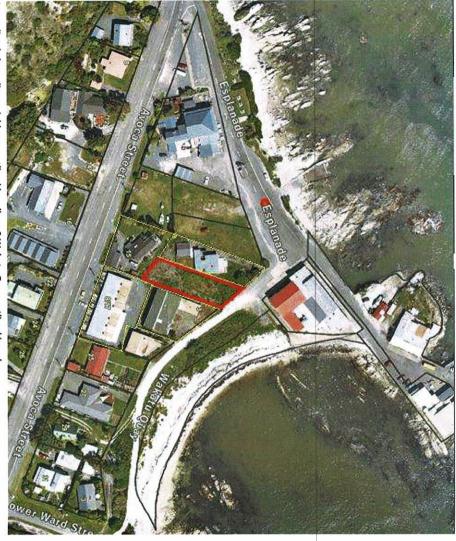
- lighthouse in relation to this property. hours in relation to the position of the lighthouse mean that the sun travels to the front of the proposed building as their views are in the opposite direction and the position of sun in daylight 1 Wakatu Quay – the current location of the dwelling will not be affected by the height of the
- windows of the rooms upstairs will still get ample morning sun and the living of this property is all 3 Wakatu Quay – the proposed lighthouse dwelling sits to the rear of their existing dwelling which is directed to the front of the property where no shading will occur. mainly occupied by garaging, 1 bedroom, and small bathroom. As the sun rises in the east, the

De il

location of the lighthouse and where the sun rises and sets. the homeowner. Referring to the picture provided below, it looks as though their living is directed parking and garaging area. The full effects of this will need to be ascertained through discussion with 15 Avoca Street – it looks as though there may be some shading and view obstructions to the towards the north to northwest of the property which would receive no sun shading due to the

area. There is access to the flats from the parking area, but their frontage is towards Avoca Street. boundary that connects with 2 Wakatu Quay is in the driveway which is a parking and manoeuvring 8/17 Avoca Street – only a small part of their boundary touches 2 Wakatu Quay. The area of The lighthouse is too far from the flats to cause them shading.

the proposal and that site positioning has been thought out to minimise any possible concerns. to focus on the positive effects of the proposed dwelling and will be undergoing extensive keep it looking authentic and make it the icon for Kaikoura that it is intended to be. They would like rules may be of concern to some of the neighbours but would like the lighthouse as it is designed to The applicant is aware that their non-compliance with the height restriction and recession plane neighbouring consultation as part of this process to reassure neighbours of the positive aspects of



Immediately bounding neighbours outlined in yellow, 2 Wakatu Quay outlined in red

Ji. B

Discharge

issue in this area. The proposed dwellings will connect to the town water, sewer, and stormwater supply. We see no

Risk

a severe weather event or earthquake/tsunami. In November 2016 there was a 7.8 magnitude stickered after the event and there was no inundation. earthquake in Kaikoura. All the houses in this area handled the earthquake well, all being white The location of this property is close to the ocean so there is a risk of inundation from the sea due to

The proposed dwellings will not pose any increased risk to those mentioned above

There are no hazards noted on the property in the Kaikoura District Plan or on Environment

Canterbury's listed land use register.

Guests will also be advised of the cultural significance of the area tourism opportunities at this property will result in having an adverse effect on the environment. The intended accommodation to be offered is on a relatively small scale making it less likely that any

Amenity

plan will provide the property with lots of greenery and plantings. of land. The dwellings proposed will both be built to a high standard and the proposed landscaping The proposed dwellings will have a positive effect to the amenity of the area by developing this area

that, if allowances are made in this instance, then precedence is unlikely to be set. however, as this is not a house of "regular design" it is not one that will be easily copied meaning The proposed lighthouse dwelling will encroach on the recession lines and height restrictions

character. The fact that the lighthouse is a house will be of fun appeal to many Kaikoura is a coastal town, meaning that seeing a lighthouse along its coastline is not out of

will be higher and short-term accommodation can be offered with less risk of guests being noisy or property with a feel of open space. Having the owners able to be onsite more means that security area per dwelling is also easily available. From an amenity standpoint it will be a highly presented land parcel. 2 parking spaces per apartment are available and a minimum of 70m2 of outdoor living level dwelling. Both dwellings have been designed smartly to make the best use of the shape of the large outdoor space and making the most of the views to the coast at Wakatu Quay from the single the site is long and slim meaning there is ample room between the dwellings while still allowing for causing any damage The property lends itself nicely to be able to accommodate 2 one-bedroom dwellings. The shape of

neighbours will be excited about the proposal and the amenity their project will offer. The owners will be undertaking extensive neighbour consultation and believe that their bounding

hazardous activity. Its purpose is not outside of what is currently in the area. It is a couple who are Essentially, breaking this proposal down into simple terms. The proposal is not for an intrusive or

AR

locals. It was always predicted that with the Pier Hotel and Restaurant, the great landscape and embracing its coastal lifestyle. First the craypot, now the lighthouse proposed dwelling is positive and fitting with this and will yet again put Kaikoura on the map for views and the wharf development, that this area would be likely to see enhancing change. The the Wharf development is finished, this area of town will be regularly frequented by visitors and willing to invest their time and money into a feature project for the community of Kaikoura. Once

Positive Effects

land situated at 2 Wakatu Quay. Both to be available for short term visitor accommodation. The proposed development is to construct 2 brand new, high quality one-bedroom dwellings on the

observations: When reading Kaikoura District Councils Long Term Plan, it is interested to note the following

reliant upon tourism, and around 50% of the workforce is directly dependent upon visitor spend, Kaikōura's local economy has been estimated to have around 40% of gross domestic product (GDP) while a further 35% support tourism indirectly.

country and especially to our town, that we encourage any development that landowners are willing Following the global pandemic and now two lockdowns for New Zealand, it is imperative to our

giving them a reason to stay 1-2 nights in our town. park, the new pool complex, new restaurants, and notable developments such as Bernie's Diner and newly renovated Mayfair theatre, we have world class bike trails and a mountain bike adventure Car Museum. All these things and more are bringing visitors to the district in huge numbers and Kaikoura's benefits from tourism continue to increase as the years pass. We have just opened the

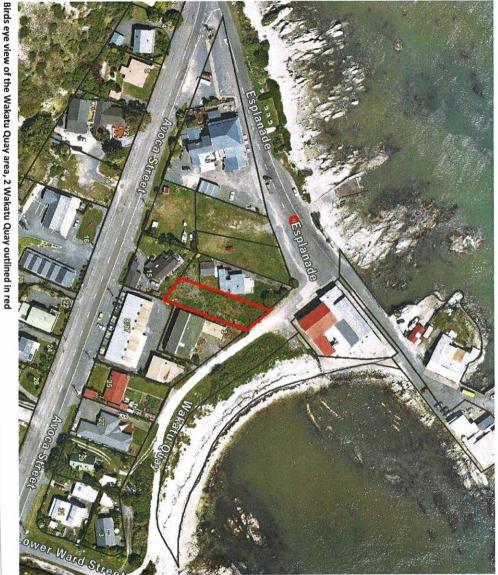
building to be admired. This is a positive for Kaikoura. will offer small-scale, short-term accommodation and lastly it will become a feature for Kaikoura. A This proposal is of triple benefit as it is a development which will provide work and trade locally, it feature that people will come to our town specially to see or stay in. It will be a talking point and a

the positives of the proposed project: When addressing the noted effects of Development and Tourism in the District Plan it is easy to see

physical resources, while upgrading current amenity and providing opportunity for visitors one bedroom meaning that we are providing for urban growth with little effect on natural and Issue 1 – Effects of Urban Growth – Although this proposal is for 2 dwellings, both dwellings are only

area pictured below, this land sits right in the middle of an area that is intended to be developed and by developing here it is an efficient use of existing infrastructure. Issue 2 - Efficient Use of Physical Infrastructure — Looking at the bird's eye view of the surrounding

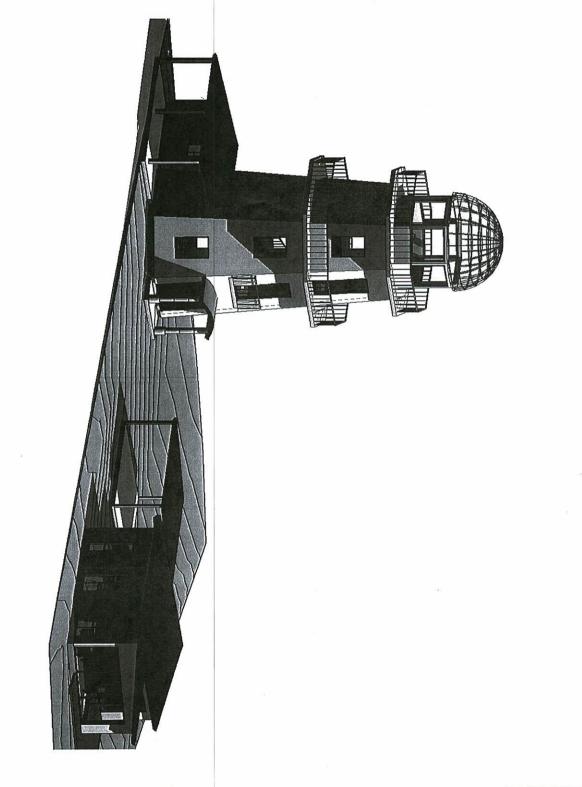
Just 19



in this area is sort after. popular tourist attractions of Kaikoura, not to mention the breath-taking scenery. Accommodation Hotel and Restaurant. It is also close to Fyffe House, the Seal Colony and the Peninsula Walk, all being close to commercial operations such as the Wharf, Green Dolphin Restaurant and The Pier on board with the venture. 2 Wakatu Quay will be a wonderful option for those visiting Kaikoura, activities, a café and restaurant and possibly some retail space depending on who chooses to come can confirm that the area will not be offering accommodation. It is likely to encompass tourism officially announced for the 10-million-dollar wharf development, discussions with the project team Issue 3 - Growth and Development of Commercial Activities - Although no firm plans have been

and align with the proposed development. Issue 4 - Kaikoura's Character and Townscape — There are a few key points which stand out here

- accommodation in a "small coastal village" very fitting and appealing To encourage developers and tourist operators to undertake activities in a manner which recognises and enhances Kaikoura's "small coastal village" character. A lighthouse as
- 2) are appropriate. The proposed development is in keeping with the current activities of the To provide for certain types of tourist activities in specific areas, such as the airport, the Kaikoura Peninsula Tourism Zone, and the Whaleway Station, where higher noise levels



Suff



Customer Services
P. 03 353 9007 or 0800 324 636

PO Box 345 Christchurch 8140

P. 03 365 3828 F. 03 365 3194 E. ecinfo@ecan.govt.nz

www.ecan.govt.nz

Dear Sir/Madam

Thank you for submitting your property enquiry from our Listed Land Use Register (LLUR). The LLUR holds information about sites that have been used or are currently used for activities which have the potential to cause contamination.

The LLUR statement shows the land parcel(s) you enquired about and provides information regarding any potential LLUR sites within a specified radius.

Please note that if a property is not currently registered on the LLUR, it does not mean that an activity with the potential to cause contamination has never occurred, or is not currently occurring there. The LLUR database is not complete, and new sites are regularly being added as we receive information and conduct our own investigations into current and historic land uses.

The LLUR only contains information held by Environment Canterbury in relation to contaminated or potentially contaminated land; additional relevant information may be held in other files (for example consent and enforcement files).

Please contact Environment Canterbury if you wish to discuss the contents of this property statement.

Yours sincerely

Contaminated Sites Team

Property Statement from the Listed Land Use Register



Visit ecan.govt.nz/HAIL for more information or contact Customer Services at ecan.govt.nz/contact/ and quote ENQ302756

Date generated: 08 December 2021 Land parcels: Lot 2 DP 3886



The information presented in this map is specific to the property you have selected. Information on nearby properties may not be shown on this map, even if the property is visible.

Sites at a glance



Sites within enquiry area

There are no sites associated with the area of enquiry.

More detail about the sites

There are no sites associated with the area of enquiry.

Disclaimer

The enclosed information is derived from Environment Canterbury's Listed Land Use Register and is made available to you under the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987.

The information contained in this report reflects the current records held by Environment Canterbury regarding the activities undertaken on the site, its possible contamination and based on that information, the categorisation of the site. Environment Canterbury has not verified the

accuracy or completeness of this information. It is released only as a copy of Environment Canterbury's records and is not intended to provide a full, complete or totally accurate assessment of the site. It is provided on the basis that Environment Canterbury makes no warranty or representation regarding the reliability, accuracy or completeness of the information provided or the level of contamination (if any) at the relevant site or that the site is suitable or otherwise for any particular purpose. Environment Canterbury accepts no responsibility for any loss, cost, damage or expense any person may incur as a result of the use, reference to or reliance on the information contained in this report.

Any person receiving and using this information is bound by the provisions of the Privacy Act 1993.



Listed Land Use Register

What you need to know



Everything is connected

What is the Listed Land Use Register (LLUR)?

The LLUR is a database that Environment Canterbury uses to manage information about land that is, or has been, associated with the use, storage or disposal of hazardous substances.

Why do we need the LLUR?

Some activities and industries are hazardous and can potentially contaminate land or water. We need the LLUR to help us manage information about land which could pose a risk to your health and the environment because of its current or former land use.

Section 30 of the Resource Management Act (RMA, 1991) requires Environment Canterbury to investigate, identify and monitor contaminated land. To do this we follow national guidelines and use the LLUR to help us manage the information.

The information we collect also helps your local district or city council to fulfil its functions under the RMA. One of these is implementing the National Environmental Standard (NES) for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil, which came into effect on 1 January 2012.

For information on the NES, contact your city or district council.

How does Environment Canterbury identify sites to be included on the LLUR?

We identify sites to be included on the LLUR based on a list of land uses produced by the Ministry for the Environment (MfE). This is called the Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL)¹. The HAIL has 53 different activities, and includes land uses such as fuel storage sites, orchards, timber treatment yards, landfills, sheep dips and any other activities where hazardous substances could cause land and water contamination.

We have two main ways of identifying HAIL sites:

- We are actively identifying sites in each district using historic records and aerial photographs. This project started in 2008 and is ongoing.
- We also receive information from other sources, such as environmental site investigation reports submitted to us as a requirement of the Regional Plan, and in resource consent applications.

¹The Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL) can be downloaded from MfE's website www.mfe.govt.nz, keyword search HAIL

How does Environment Canterbury classify sites on the LLUR?

Where we have identified a HAIL land use, we review all the available information, which may include investigation reports if we have them. We then assign the site a category on the LLUR. The category is intended to best describe what we know about the land use and potential contamination at the site and is signed off by a senior staff member.

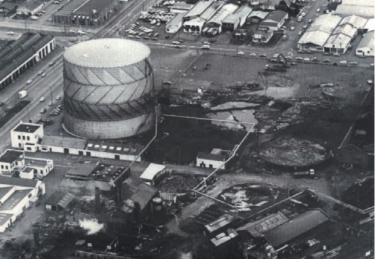
Please refer to the Site Categories and Definitions factsheet for further information.

What does Environment Canterbury do with the information on the LLUR?

The LLUR is available online at www.llur.ecan.govt.nz. We mainly receive enquiries from potential property buyers and environmental consultants or engineers working on sites. An inquirer would typically receive a summary of any information we hold, including the category assigned to the site and a list of any investigation reports.

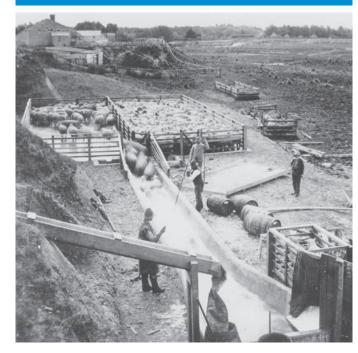
We may also use the information to prioritise sites for further investigation, remediation and management, to aid with planning, and to help assess resource consent applications. These are some of our other responsibilities under the RMA.

If you are conducting an environmental investigation or removing an underground storage tank at your property, you will need to comply with the rules in the Regional Plan and send us a copy of the report. This means we can keep our records accurate and up-to-date, and we can assign your property an appropriate category on the LLUR. To find out more, visit www.ecan.govt.nz/HAIL.



IMPORTANT!

The LLUR is an online database which we are continually updating. A property may not currently be registered on the LLUR, but this does not necessarily mean that it hasn't had a HAIL use in the past.



Sheep dipping (ABOVE) and gas works (TOP) are among the former land uses that have been identified as potentially hazardous. (Photo above by Wheeler & Son in 1987, courtesy of Canterbury Museum.)

My land is on the LLUR – what should I do now?

IMPORTANT! Just because your property has a land use that is deemed hazardous or is on the LLUR, it doesn't necessarily mean it's contaminated. The only way to know if land is contaminated is by carrying out a detailed site investigation, which involves collecting and testing soil samples.

You do not need to do anything if your land is on the LLUR and you have no plans to alter it in any way. It is important that you let a tenant or buyer know your land is on the Listed Land Use Register if you intend to rent or sell your property. If you are not sure what you need to tell the other party, you should seek legal advice.

You may choose to have your property further investigated for your own peace of mind, or because you want to do one of

the activities covered by the National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil. Your district or city council will provide further information.

If you wish to engage a suitably qualified experienced practitioner to undertake a detailed site investigation, there are criteria for choosing a practitioner on www.ecan.govt.nz/HAIL.



I think my site category is incorrect – how can I change it?

If you have an environmental investigation undertaken at your site, you must send us the report and we will review the LLUR category based on the information you provide. Similarly, if you have information that clearly shows your site has not been associated with HAIL activities (eg. a preliminary site investigation), or if other HAIL activities have occurred which we have not listed, we need to know about it so that our records are accurate.

If we have incorrectly identified that a HAIL activity has occurred at a site, it will be not be removed from the LLUR but categorised as Verified Non-HAIL. This helps us to ensure that the same site is not re-identified in the future.

Contact us

Property owners have the right to look at all the information Environment Canterbury holds about their properties.

It is free to check the information on the LLUR, online at www.llur.ecan.govt.nz.

If you don't have access to the internet, you can enquire about a specific site by phoning us on (03) 353 9007 or toll free on 0800 EC INFO (32 4636) during business hours.

Contact Environment Canterbury:

Email: ecinfo@ecan.govt.nz

Phone:

Calling from Christchurch: (03) 353 9007

Calling from any other area: 0800 EC INFO (32 4636)



Everything is connected

Promoting quality of life through balanced resource management.

www.ecan.govt.nz

E13/10

Listed Land Use Register

Site categories and definitions

When Environment Canterbury identifies a Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL) land use, we review the available information and assign the site a category on the Listed Land Use Register. The category is intended to best describe what we know about the land use.

If a site is categorised as **Unverified** it means it has been reported or identified as one that appears on the HAIL, but the land use has not been confirmed with the property owner.

If the land use has been confirmed but analytical information from the collection of samples is not available, and the presence or absence of contamination has therefore not been determined, the site is registered as:

Not investigated:

- A site whose past or present use has been reported and verified as one that appears on the HAIL.
- The site has not been investigated, which might typically include sampling and analysis of site soil, water and/or ambient air, and assessment of the associated analytical data.
- There is insufficient information to characterise any risks to human health or the environment from those activities undertaken on the site. Contamination may have occurred, but should not be assumed to have occurred.

If analytical information from the collection of samples is available, the site can be registered in one of six ways:

At or below background concentrations:

The site has been investigated or remediated. The investigation or post remediation validation results confirm there are no hazardous substances above local background concentrations other than those that occur naturally in the area. The investigation or validation sampling has been sufficiently detailed to characterise the site.

Below guideline values for:

The site has been investigated. Results show that there are hazardous substances present at the site but indicate that any adverse effects or risks to people and/or the environment are considered to be so low as to be acceptable. The site may have been remediated to reduce contamination to this level, and samples taken after remediation confirm this.



Managed for:

The site has been investigated. Results show that there are hazardous substances present at the site in concentrations that have the potential to cause adverse effects or risks to people and/or the environment. However, those risks are considered managed because:

- the nature of the use of the site prevents human and/or ecological exposure to the risks; and/or
- the land has been altered in some way and/or restrictions have been placed on the way it is used which prevent human and/or ecological exposure to the risks.

Partially investigated:

The site has been partially investigated. Results:

- demonstrate there are hazardous substances present at the site; however, there is insufficient information to quantify any adverse effects or risks to people or the environment; or
- do not adequately verify the presence or absence of contamination associated with all HAIL activities that are and/or have been undertaken on the site.

Significant adverse environmental effects:

The site has been investigated. Results show that sediment, groundwater or surface water contains hazardous substances that:

- · have significant adverse effects on the environment; or
- are reasonably likely to have significant adverse effects on the environment.

Contaminated:

The site has been investigated. Results show that the land has a hazardous substance in or on it that:

- has significant adverse effects on human health and/or the environment; and/or
- is reasonably likely to have significant adverse effects on human health and/or the environment.

If a site has been included incorrectly on the Listed Land Use Register as having a HAIL, it will not be removed but will be registered as:

Verified non-HAIL:

Information shows that this site has never been associated with any of the specific activities or industries on the HAIL.

Please contact Environment
Canterbury for further information:



2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikōura

Archaeological site appraisal Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014

Report prepared by:

Deb Foster

Deb Foster Archaeological Consultancy

55 High Street | Motueka 7120

Ph: 027 241 7837 | E: mamakunelson@xtra.co.nz

Project summary

Archaeological site no.	O31/30	
Archaeological authority required	YES	
Extant pre-1900 structures	NO	
Site of archaeological interest to Māori	YES	
Site address	2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikōura	
Appellation	Lot 2 DP 3886	
Rating hectares	0.06	
Client	Grondona Holmes	
Client contact details	c/- Tania Ross tsross76@gmail.com 027 482 6421	
Report author	Deb Foster	
Report submitted	28/11/2021	

Ownership and Disclaimer

This report has been prepared for Elona Grondona in relation to the proposed construction of two new buildings at 2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikōura, Canterbury District. This report and the information contained herein are subject to copyright. Ownership of the primary materials created during the research remains the property of the author and Deb Foster Archaeological Consultancy. This report remains the property of Grondona Holmes and Deb Foster Archaeological Consultancy.

The professional advice and opinions contained in this report are those of Deb Foster Archaeological Consultancy, and do not represent the opinions and policies of any third party. The professional advice and opinions contained in this report do not constitute legal advice, or in any way constitute a statement of Tangata Whenua cultural values. Te Rūnanga o Kaikōura are best placed to comment on the cultural values of the site and wider area.

Project outline¹

The client is seeking Resource Consent to build a dwelling and a separate Lighthouse on their bare section at 2 Wakatu Quay, Kaikōura (Figure 1 and Figure 2). The single storey dwelling is at the front of the property and the Lighthouse is to the rear (Figure 3 and Figure 4). The section is reasonably flat.

Planning is at the conceptual stage. Foundation plans have not yet been finalised, as this will depend on the granting of RC and an engineer's report. Building consent will not be sought until Resource Consent has been granted.

Excavations will be required to connect services to both buildings, but the locations and extents have not been specified. Services are currently in place down the boundary fence with 1 Wakatu Quay.

The foundation designs, to be advised, will dictate the necessary excavation depths for the buildings.

Historical background

The subject land parcel, Lot 2 DP 3886, was formed in 1971 when Section 98 Town of Kaikōura was subdivided into three separate titles (Figure 5). This 1971 plan shows the footprint of a single dwelling on the neighbouring property, Lot 1 DP 3886, but no other buildings on Section 98.

An earlier survey map, SO 1098, dated 1913, shows Sections 96 and 98 were both vacant at this time (Figure 6). Similarly, DP 432, dated 1910, shows Section 98 to be vacant land (Figure 7). Pre-1900 European occupation of Section 98 could therefore not be determined based on available historic records.

The subject property is within the area covered by site record O31/30, now considered a generic or "umbrella" record because it covers such a large area. The site record was created by Tony Fomison in 1963 and describes ovens, burials and midden covering the "beachside flat extending into the sea from the terrace edge of Kaikoura Peninsula, between the Old Wharf (at Fyffe Whaling Station) and the new wharf (at the Pier Hotel)". The area covered is 600 m long x 150 m wide. Since the 1980's it has become the norm to restrict the extent of site O31/30 to the flat immediately north of Beacon Hill, best known as the site of early Moa-hunter occupation and a burial complete with moa egg. Separate exposures of material to the northwest of this area have since been allocated individual site numbers.

There are no recorded sites on or close to the subject property, but this might be explained by a lack of previous opportunity for informed observation of subsurface deposits. Site O31/30 is named in this summary as the affected site, but there is no evidence to date that the type of deposits described (i.e., ovens, burials, and midden) are present on the property, but nor is

 $^{^{1}}$ Based on information provided by Tania Ross and Elona Grondona in emails exchanged from 18/10/21 - 9/11/2021.

there any proof that they are absent. A copy of the O31/30 site record is attached at the end of this report as Appendix A.

The nearest recorded sites are illustrated in Figure 8. The sites of most relevance are O31/158 (ca. 80 m away), O31/165 (ca. 120 m away) and O31/115 (ca. 150m away). These three sites record midden and oven remains indicative of widespread occupation of the flat back beach area.

Previous archaeological works on and near the property

"Fossicking" for artefacts was a common pastime for locals, especially in areas of known Māori occupation which were disturbed by earthworks for residential or commercial development (such as Native Reserve F at South Bay). This may have occurred here, but no records of finds specifically attributed to this property have surfaced to date.

2019 Chorus UFB fibre optic cable duct installation works along the front of the property Authority 2019/409

Open trench excavations to 0.5 m depth for the installation of Chorus UFB (Ultra-Fast Broadband) fibre-optic cable ducting took place along the front of 2 Wakatu Quay in December 2019. No subsurface archaeology was identified (Hamish Williams pers.comm.)

<u>2020 Pier Hotel, 1 Avoca Street by Deb Foster and Hamish Williams Authority 2020/622</u>

Earthquake strengthening of the Pier Hotel required some excavation for structural upgrades potentially affecting archaeological deposits identified during trenching for fibre optic cable ducting along the Hotel's Esplanade frontage in 2019. Finds included a flake of chert and a chip of polished argillite in a potentially disturbed context at the base of one of the excavations (report in prep).

<u>2020 Assessment of Wakatu Quay wharf redevelopment by Deb Foster and Hamish Williams</u> Assessment of the new wharf area found that major reclamation had occurred over the outcropping limestone reefs, and that the area was previously underwater at high tide and therefore not habitable. Redevelopment within the reclaimed area would not require archaeological Authority although service connections approaching that area would need require further assessment.

Discussion and recommendations

Tectonic uplift of the Peninsula and surrounding coastal area has been calculated by geologists as being up to 2 mm per year, therefore it is possible that the front part of the property might have been intertidal for part of the Māori occupation sequence. This hypothesis is supported by the absence of any cultural material found in the trenching for fibre optic cable ducting along the front of the property in late 2019. Right across the property, ground conditions are likely to be very rocky, mainly made up of limestone rubble and rounded rocks and stones of an uplifted beach terrace. There may be higher soil content closer to the Avoca Street end of the property where the Lighthouse will be built. Here too, chances of archaeological discovery are higher, with back beach coastal areas being a favoured place of settlement.

In this case, the location and setting of the property are the main factors in determining that the overall risk of archaeological discovery is high. It is recommended that a general archaeological Authority is sought to mitigate the risk of discovery of archaeological material during ground disturbance. This will allow for monitoring of the works and reporting of any finds, in accordance with the *Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act* 2014.

A full archaeological assessment required to support a general authority application can only be completed once the building plans have been finalised and the nature and extent of any groundworks confirmed. If test pitting or other forms of geotechnical investigations need to be carried out for purposes of informing foundations design, an exploratory archaeological authority might need to first be obtained. The architect/consulting engineer should be made aware of this, and an archaeologist consulted accordingly.

Application for a general archaeological authority requires evidence of consultation with tangata whenua - Te Rūnanga o Kaikōura (TROK). Consultation with tangata whenua is not required under the Act for an exploratory archaeological authority application but is encouraged by Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga as a best practice approach. The client may wish to approach TROK ahead of any Archaeological Authority application to gauge the tenor of their views and to seek a Cultural Values Statement.



Figure 1. Overview of site location 2 Wakatu Quay – marked in red (imagery after Canterburymaps.govt.nz)



Figure 2. Detail of site location 2 Wakatu Quay – property marked in red (imagery after Canterburymaps.govt.nz)



Figure 3. Aerial view of proposed building layout (supplied by Tania Ross)

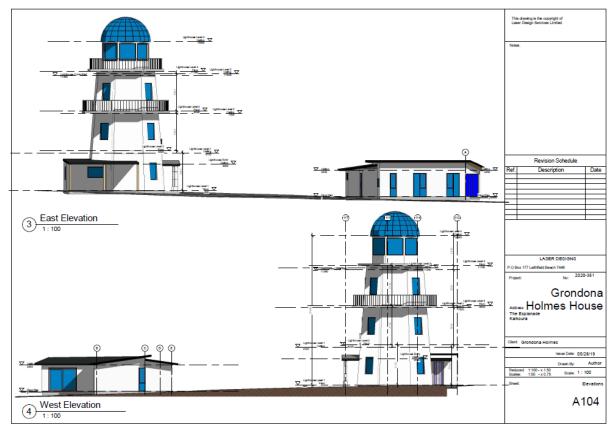


Figure 4. Preliminary design of the two buildings (no foundations detail shown).

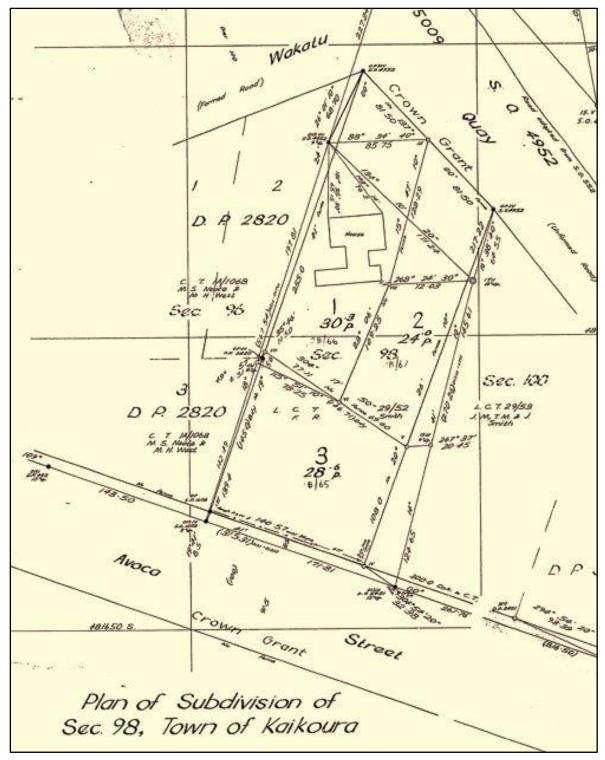


Figure 5. Detail of survey plan DP 3886 dated 1971 showing subdivision of Section 98 Kaikoura (retrieved from Quickmaps)

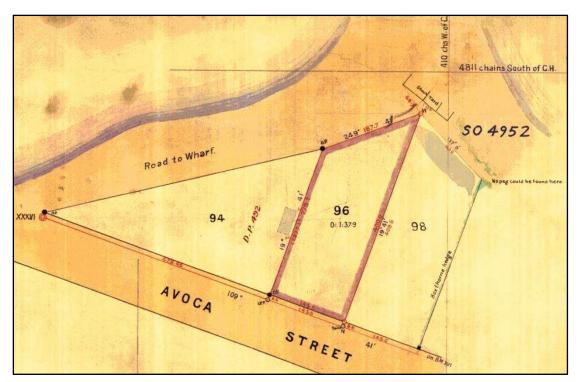


Figure 6. Detail of survey plan SO 1098 dated 1913 showing Section 98 was vacant at that time (retrieved from Quickmaps)

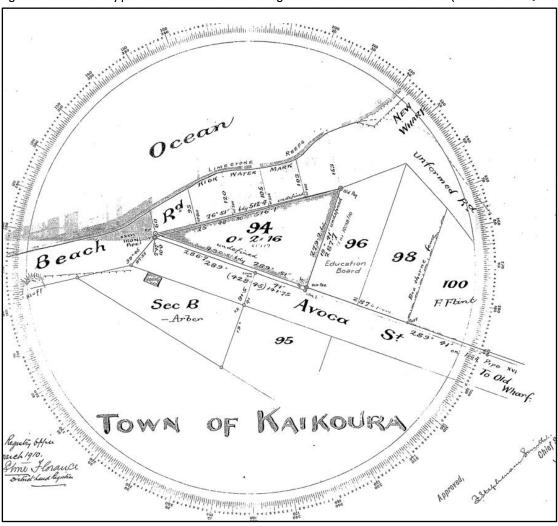


Figure 7. Detail of DP 492 dated 1910 showing Section 98 was vacant at that time (retrieved from Quickmaps)

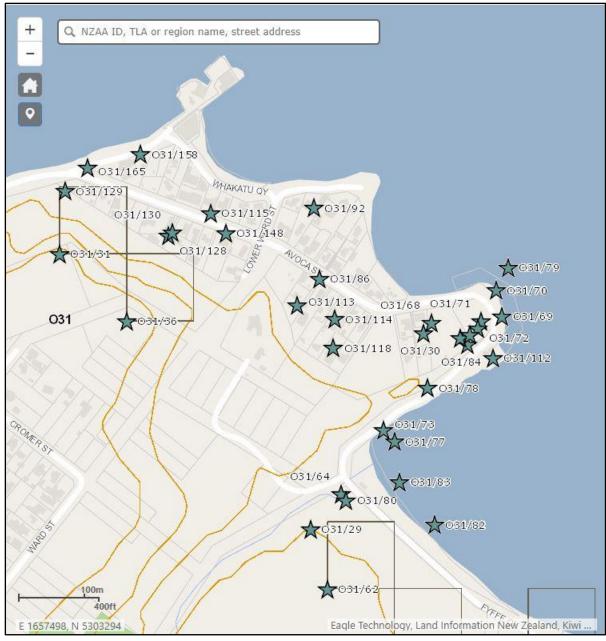


Figure 8. ArchSite map showing archaeological site locations in the area (Archsite.org.nz).



Figure 9. The subject property looking south 27/10/2021 (Hamish Williams photo).



Figure 10. The subject property looking south 27/10/2021 (Hamish Williams photo).

APPENDIX A – O31/30 SITE RECORD FORM

[see overleaf]

NEW ZEALAND ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION



Site Record Form

NZAA SITE NUMBER: 031/30

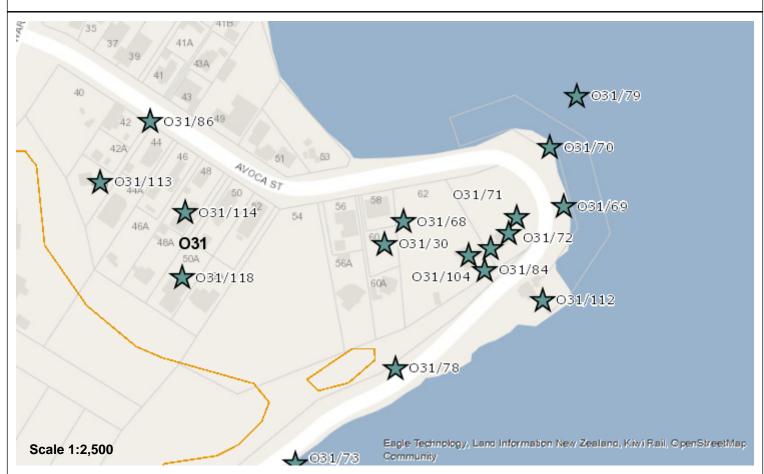
SITE TYPE: Midden/Oven

SITE NAME(s): Fyffes Site

DATE RECORDED:

SITE COORDINATES (NZTM) Easting: 1658120 Northing: 5303715 Source: Site Record Form

IMPERIAL SITE NUMBER: \$49/46 METRIC SITE NUMBER: O31/30



Finding aids to the location of the site

Flat between the northern base of Beacon Hill and Avoca Street, Kaikoura.

Brief description

Moa-hunter occupational deposits, garden walls, some early European material.

Recorded features

Artefact - adze, Artefact - chert, Artefact - fishing gear, Artefact - grindstone, Artefact - obsidian, Artefact - stone flakes, Midden, Midden with moa bone, Occupation layer, Ovenstones, Stone wall

Other sites associated with this site

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SITE RECORD HISTORY

NZAA SITE NUMBER: 031/30

Site description

Updated: 22/09/2010, Visited: 18/12/2009 - NZTM E1658120 / N5303715 (Site Record Form).

Moa-hunter deposits but with part of the area used later for gardening. Over much of the site, European features, some dating to whaling days, occur on or near the surface.

See also attached site update pdf.

Inspected by: Trotter, Michael.

Condition of the site

Statement of condition

Updated: 23/11/2010, Visited: 18/12/2009 - Good - Majority of visible features are intact, but some minor loss of definition and/or damage

Current land use:

Threats:

Updated: 23/11/2010, Visited: 18/12/2009 - Residential activities, Property development, Services/ utilities

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SITE RECORD INVENTORY

NZAA SITE NUMBER: 031/30

Supporting documentation held in ArchSite

	AJAX AG BB AA DD
SITE REFERENCE FORM	SITE NUMBER 5.49/4-6
Map number S. 49 Map name KAIKOURA Grid reference 784 900	SITE TYPE BURIALS MIDDEN
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(at Tyffe Pirtuling station) and	of the new what (at the Mer
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4. Name of site Not known Source of name	
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6. Aerial photograph numbers	Site shows: clearly/badly/not at all
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Grid reference 984 900

SITE TYPE BURIALS MIDDEN

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SITE DESCRIPTION:2

SITE NUMBER 5.49/46

Map number 5.49

Map name KAIKOWA

Grid reference 984900

SITE TYPE MIDDEN BURIALS

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PUBLICATION REFERENCES SITE NUMBER

Map number
Map name

S.47 KAIKOWA

Grid reference

984-900

SITE NUMBER S.49/46

OVENS SITE TYPE BUKIALS

MIDDEN

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W. G. Chey, "KAIKOURA COAST" Whiteont & Tunts

T. formson, "Site Survey of Kinhonina Perinsula" in.

the N.Z. Arch. Ason's "NEWSLETTER" For December 1959

(V43) NO1)

PHO ⁻	5.49/	549/46		
	ap number 5-49 Map name KARUWA reference 984 900	SITE TYPE	OVENS MIDDEN RURIALS	
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2	From terrace-edge above postablish at Types wholing station	13	1))

549/46		
984,900		OUENS/MIODEN/BURIALS
		4
REFERENCE		
TROTTER, M.M.	(1980)	"Archaeological Investigations at
		Avoca Point, Kaikoura"
		Rec. Cant. Mus. 9 (4): 277-288
McFadgen, 13.4	(1987)	"Beach ridges, breakers and bones:
		late Holorene geology and arrhaeology
		of the Fyfle site, 549/46, Kaikoura
		Peninsula, New Zealand "
		J. Royal Soc. N.Z. 17 (4): 381-394
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USE443

031/30

HIS:025 SB:MAM

30

26 July 1990

TELECOM CABLE TRENCH - FYFFE HOUSE - KAIKOURA

Report on Archaeological Observations - 16 July 1990

As requested in the Authority to Modify an Archaeological Site No. 1990/29, I attended the trenching across 031/46 as observing archaeologist. Michael Trotter was unfortunately not able to be present due to unexpected commitments at Canterbury Museum.

Telecom staff under the supervision of Ken Gray, dug a 200 millimetre wide by approximately 400 millimetre deep trench along the line, shown on the attached map. The trenching was done down the slope of the section commencing at the power pole to the north of the house, finishing on the road by the gate.

Observations:

From the northern power pole to the stormwater drain the trench cut into a brown loam with sparse flecks of charcoal. Oyster (12) and cockle (2) shells, some sawn mutton bone and a shard of china with brown transfer pattern were recovered in the 11 metre length of trench between the pole and the water pipe. Between the water pipe and fence corner, only occasional pieces of unidentified bone were exposed.

Seven metres below the fence the digger cut through a small dump of european refuse including: a horseshoe, various fragments of earthernware, bottle glass, brick etc.

Beyond the stormwater drain at the foot of the slope, the soil becomes much more rocky with some charcoal until 14 metres beyond the fence corner the soil became quite black with fine charcoal. There was no shell, bone or artefacts uncovered. The black area continues for 2.5 metres when it stops against a limestone reef just below the surface of the ground. Ten metres beyond the reef the soil continues quite black with blocky lumps of limestone. Very occasional cockle shells were exposed.

From this point to near the drive entrance, the rocky soil is brown approximately 300 millimetres in depth and overlying a cream coarse beach sand with small broken shell fragments. This probably represents an old beach surface.

Printed by: debfoster

USE443 O31/30 (S49/46)

2

The final three metres of trenching was not observed due to the digger dropping its chain. However, because this was an area where the drive had been bulldozed, it was felt there was little likelihood of anything of significance being uncovered.

Conclusions:

It appears from the material exposed in the shallow trench that this surface 400 millimetres of soil is considerably disturbed and corresponds with Denise Harris's understanding that the area had been ploughed or gardened in the past.

All the artefactual material recovered is of post-european origin. The black soil either side of the limestone reef gave no clues as to its origins, but is consistent with the heavily charcoaled soils found associated with prehistoric occupation.

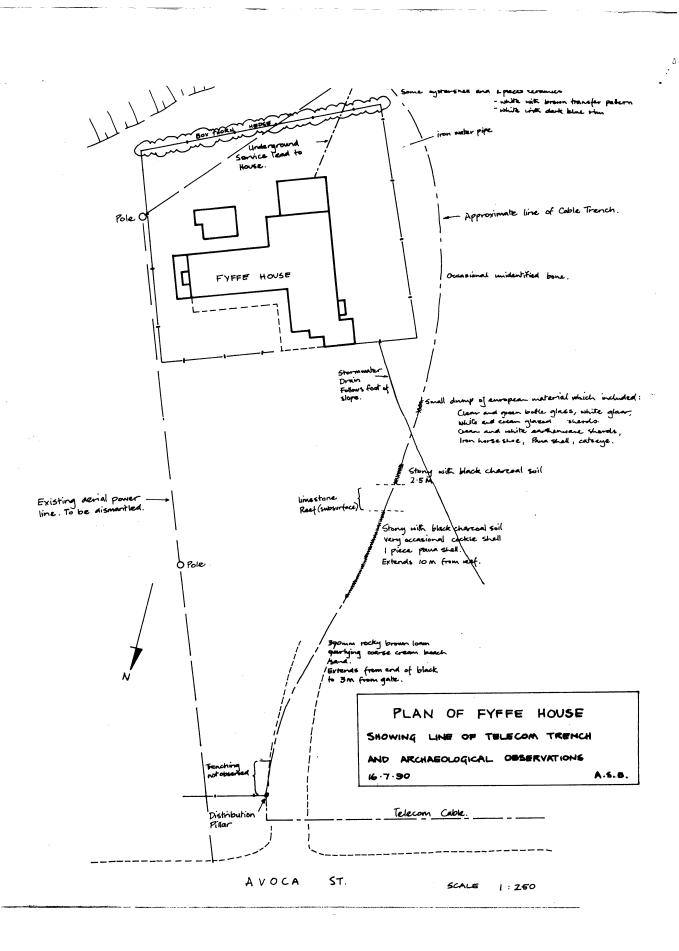
The shell, bone, glass, ceramics and metal recovered have been retained at Fyffe House.

The co-operation of Ken Gray and the Telecom crew was much appreciated as was Denise Harris' hospitality.

Steve Bagley

CONSERVATION OFFICER (Historic Resources)

Enc1



NEW ZEALAND ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION Site Number O31/30 [S49/46] SITE RECORD FORM (NZMS 260) **Date Visited** 10.09.1963 **Map Number** Site Type OVENS/BURIALS/MIDDEN KAIKOURA Map Name 1989 Site Name Fyffe's Map Edition 2568100 5865400 Grid Reference Northing [O31/681 654] Easting 1. Location The beach-side flat extending into the sea from the terrace edge of Kaikoura Peninsula, between the old wharf (at Fyffe's whaling station) and the new wharf (at the Pier Hotel). 2. State Excavated 3. Description The Fyffe moa-hunter site. Excavations by Canterbury Museum in January 1973 and at various times, under the direction of Beverley McCulloch, over the period 1982-1987. See material filed with S49/46 for details. Canterbury Museum Human Bone Collection nos SK 493 and 494 are from this site. August 1999: Metric grid reference corrected from 681 653 (Trotter & McCulloch). 4. Owner Various Address 5. Nature of Information Visit/excavations **Photographs** Canterbury Museum Aerial photographs 6. Reported by Tony Fomison Filekeeper Tony Fomison Address Canterbury Museum File Date 10.09.1963 7. Key words 8. New Zealand Register of Archaeological Sites (for office use) NZHPT Site Field Code Latitude S Longitude E Present condition and future danger of destruction Type of site

Security code

Local body

Local environment

Land classification



Update of NZAA Site Number: O31/30

SITE TYPE: Maori occupation

SITE NAME: Fyffe's Site

DATE RECORDED: 1963

DATE OF THIS UPDATE: 15 September 2010

SITE COORDINATES (NZTM): Easting: 1658120 Northing: 5303715

Source of location data: All converted from NZMG on Fyffe House Aerial Plan 2174 (1990)

Field visit date: Numerous visits between 1973 and 2009 Visited by: Michael Trotter

Finding aids to the location of the site:

Flat between the northern base of Beacon Hill and Avoca Street, Kaikoura.

Site history:

This site was originally recorded in 1963 (then S49/46) by Tony Fomison as ovens, burials and midden discovered between 1859 [sic] and 1959 on "The beach-side flat extending into the sea from the terrace-edge of Kaikoura Peninsula, between the old wharf (at Fyffe's whaling station) and the new wharf (at the Pier Hotel)." This covers an area over 600 metres long by up to 150 metres wide.

Since the 1980s, however, it has become customary to restrict the site number to the flat immediately north of Beacon Hill (see plan on next page), and more recently features to the north-west have been given separate site numbers, particularly O31/92. A number of European features in the vicinity have also been recorded separately in the Fyffe Historic Area (see *The Fyffe Historic Precinct, Kaikoura* by Michael Trotter and Beverley McCulloch, Canterbury Museum 1991). These are marked on the accompanying plan.

The earliest archaeological discovery in this area, a moa-hunter burial found at Fyffe House in 1857, has been discussed by Michael Trotter and Beverley McCulloch in "Fyffe's Revisited" in *Records of the Canterbury Museum* 10(7): 84–91, 1993. This burial would have been at about 1658177 by 5303693.

Although a western portion of the site (between about 1658042 by 5303700 and 1658083 by 5303689) was investigated by Michael Trotter in 1973, the main work was salvage excavations carried out by Beverley McCulloch in 1980s – see her reports to the New Zealand Historic Places Trust on the Fyffe's Site for 1983, 1985, 1986 and 1987. (See also *Unearthing New Zealand* by Michael Trotter and Beverley McCulloch, Government Printing Office, Wellington, 1989, pages 19-21.)

These excavations showed that Moa-hunter deposits continued at least as far east as 1658125 by 5303710. Part of the area appeared to have been used later for gardening – there were two earth and stone walls, at 1658097 by 5303720 to 1658122 by 5303725, and from 1658120 by 5303703 to 1658117 by 5303723. Over much of the site, European features, some dating to whaling days, occurred on or near the surface

List of visible archaeological features:

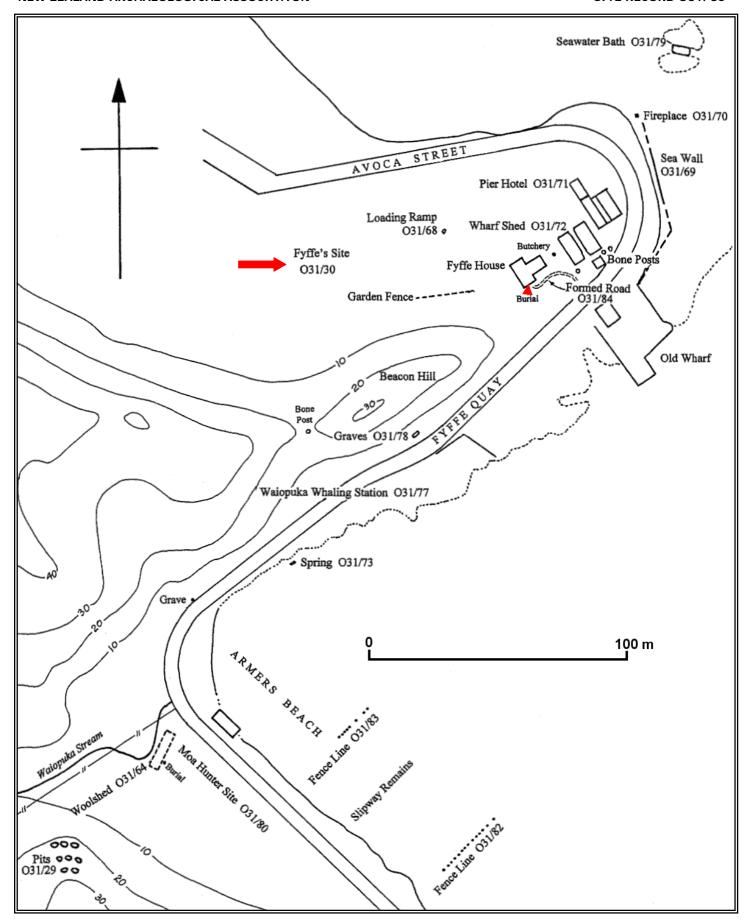
Garden walls.

Condition of site:

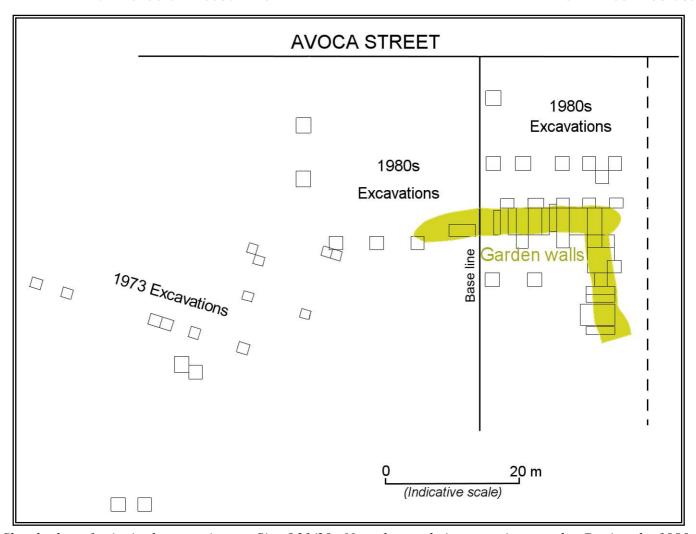
Main site partially excavated but otherwise good. Walls largely excavated.

Update submitted by:

Michael Trotter, Tuahiwi North Canterbury.



Plan of Fyffes Historic Area, Kaikoura, showing the location of site O31/30 – the "Fyffe's Site." The contour interval is ten metres.



Sketch plan of principal excavations at Site O31/30. Note that scale is approximate only. During the 1980s salvage excavations were undertaken, largely on the garden walls, as it was understood that the property would be levelled and built on. To delay the destruction of archaeological features, the section containing the bulk of the walls was for a time acquired by the Canterbury Museum. All excavated material is held by the Museum.



